



Appendix 11-P2-4: Part 2 (CWAH 10-12) Gazetteers of Heritage Assets

Contents

Appendix 11-P2-4: Part 2 (CWAH 10-12) Gazetteers of Heritage Assets.....	1
1 Introduction.....	1

Tables

Table 1: Part 2 CWAH 10-12 Gazetteer of Designated Heritage Assets.....	2
Table 2: Part 2 CWAH 10-12 Gazetteer of Non-Designated Heritage Assets	51

Appendix 11-P2-4: Part 2 (CWAH 10-12) Gazetteers of Heritage Assets

1 Introduction

- 1.1. The gazetteer tables¹ presented in this appendix identify the following heritage assets relevant to the canal work area heritage (CWAH) 10-12 study areas in Part 2 of the Proposed Development:
 - a. Designated heritage assets within the indicative work areas and surrounding 500 m study areas (**Table 1**); and
 - b. Non-designated heritage assets within the indicative work areas and surrounding 500 m study areas (**Table 2**).
- 1.2 Some heritage assets are located in more than one study area where these extend into other Parts of the Proposed Development. Where this occurs, this is stated in the location column of the relevant gazetteers.
- 1.3 The locations of designated and non-designated heritage assets that correspond to each of the gazetteers are shown on the accompanying figures in Preliminary Environmental Information (PEI) Report **Volume 3**:
 - a. **Figure 11-P2-1: Part 2: Designated Heritage Assets**; and
 - b. **Figure 11-P2-2: Part 2: Non-Designated Heritage Assets**.

¹ All data presented in the gazetteers is taken from either the National Heritage List for England (NHLE) dataset (designated assets) or the relevant Historic Environment Record (HER) (non-designated assets). The data is a primary source, and is presented as it appears on the relevant dataset

Table 1: Part 2 CWAH 10-12 Gazetteer of Designated Heritage Assets

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
CWAH 10 Cosgrove to Great Linford					
1003874	Scheduled Monument	Roman villa SE of Cosgrove Hall	A full description has not been included in the NHLE description. The West Northamptonshire HER MNN8849 record provides details including 'the site was discovered in 1957 when pottery was ploughed up. Investigation with a probe indicated masonry near the surface. Subsequent excavation revealed the bath house, with standard features, and rooms of the villa. A nymphaeum was found on the other side of the Grand Union Canal, which probably covers much of the Roman building'.	SP 79393 42157, SP 79485 42107	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
1006934	Scheduled Monument	Wolverton iron trunk aqueduct	A full description has not been included in the NHLE description. The West Northamptonshire HER MNN10362 record provides details including 'South of lock no. 21, the canal is carried on an embankment of increasing height until the River Great Ouse is crossed into Buckinghamshire by an iron aqueduct at a height of about 10 m. This 'Iron Trunk' was erected in 1811 to replace the original stone culverts which collapsed in 1808. Through the embankment at each end of the aqueduct is a cattle	SP 80042 41798	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			shaped tunnel, known as a cattle creep' and 'The pioneer canal builder William Jessop suggested a brick aqueduct over the river. A structure with three arches, supported by two brick piers, was duly opened on 26 August 1805. The piers were built on dry land to one side of the river, which was then diverted through the new canal. A section of the canal embankment collapsed in January 1806, probably over the old course of the river which was repaired. The first aqueduct eventually collapsed in February 1808, severing the canal above. The subsequent Cosgrove Aqueduct is a navigable cast iron trough aqueduct, built in 1811'.		
1013660	Scheduled Monument	Motte and bailey castle, deserted village and monastic grange at Old Wolverton	The monument consists of two areas of earthworks and buried remains at Old Wolverton divided by a canal. The northern area lies around the Manor Farm and the southern area around Holy Trinity church. In the southern area the Norman motte and bailey castle lies just to the north of the deserted village and to the east of Holy Trinity church. Adjacent to the mound of the castle motte is the bailey area in which stood a variety of buildings serving the castle. The deserted village next to the castle survives as	SP 80199 41205, SP 80680 41752	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			extensive and well preserved earthworks within which roadways, house platforms, boundaries and field systems can be clearly identified. The second area to the north east and separated by the canal consists of earthworks surrounding the Manor Farm. Hollow trackways, a pond, building platforms and field systems can be identified and documentary records indicate that this area contains the remains of an agrarian monastic grange of the Gilbertine order. The site of the grange buildings is considered to be overlain by modern farm buildings. Buried remains of a Roman building have been found east of Manor Cottages. Roman and Saxon coins and metalwork have also been found in the area. All the farm buildings within the two areas are excluded from the scheduling but below ground remains are included. Holy Trinity Church, its surrounding churchyard, and the vicarage which lies to the south of the castle, are totally excluded from the scheduling.		
3153	Conservation Area	Wolverton	-	SP 81530 41070	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
					Indicative Work Area
5934	Conservation Area	Cosgrove	-	SP 79220 42318	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
3133	Conservation Area	Great Linford	-	SP 85332 42281	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
1040847	Grade I; Listed Building	Church of St Peter and St Paul	13, C14 and C15. Repaired 1770-4. Restored 1864 by E.F. Law and 1887-92 by Edward Swinfen Harris. Coursed squared limestone, plain-tile roof to chancel, lead roofs to body of church. Chancel, nave, north aisle and west tower. Chancel has 3-light east window with reticulated tracery and hood mould and a C19 stepped triple lancet window to north and south. Priest's door of 1864 to north. Early English style with shafts and foliage capitals. C13 ornamental string-course at level of springing of central	SP 79092 42457	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			lancets, partly renewed and carried over windows as hood mould and over blocked side-lights of original east window either side of present window. Nave has 3-light windows to south with C19 geometrical tracery and hood moulds. 3 quatrefoil clerestory windows to north only, with square chamfered stone surrounds and plain stone-coped parapet to south with central datestone inscribed 1586.		
1125275	Grade II*; Listed Building	Former School House and Almshouses	Former School and Almshouses now houses and craft workshops. 1696, restored 1975; coursed rubble stone. Old tiled roofs. Central house 2-storeys and attic with shaped gables, flanking stacks and 2 hipped leaded dormer windows, flanking wings 1 storey with shaped end gables, 2 brick chimneys on ridge each side, Central house (originally the school) has 2 bays of leaded cross casements, central 4 panelled door in architrave surround with deep segmental hood on carved brackets and semi-dome soffit. Flanking wings each have 3 ledged doors and 3 leaded cross casements. Interior has original features including splat balustraded panels over cupboard doors.	SP 85133 42309	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
1125276	Grade II*; Listed Building	Linford Manor	Country House now used as Arts Centre. c1720 remodelling of house of c1680 with later C18 S. wing. Dressed stone with slate roof, flanking chimneys, stone coped gables and moulded stone cornice. 3 storeys and cellar to main block, wings 2 storeys. West front has 5 bays, sash windows in architrave frames and central 6 panelled door with stone doorcase of fluted Corinthian pilasters, sections of entablature and broken segmental pediment with central coat of arms, approached by 3 moulded stone steps.	SP 85240 42272	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1125323	Grade II*; Listed Building	Church of the Holy Trinity	Anglican Parish Church. 1809-1815, with medieval origins, by Henry Hakewill. Attleborough sandstone ashlar from Warwickshire, with some similar stone from Bilston, Staffordshire, conveyed to site by canal; limestone ashlar, probably re-used from previous church, below sill level and to gables. Welsh slate roofs to body of church, and flat copper roof to tower.	SP 80322 41300	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1125328	Grade II*; Listed Building	Church of St George the Martyr	Anglican Church. 1843 by H. Wyatt and David Brandon in the Early English style with 1895 extension of double transepts, choir vestry and organ chamber by J. Oldrid Scott, and choir vestry and chancel extended by one bay	SP 81830 41077	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			in 1902 by also J. O. Scott. C20 alterations include large round west window of 1954 and re-ordering in 1975. Coursed, squared local limestone with red sandstone dressings of Hollington stone from Staffordshire, plain tile roofs, lead roof to vestry and slate-hung spire, originally covered with ribbed lead.		
1125329	Grade II*; Listed Building	Church of St James	The existence of this church is due to the coming of the railway. In 1838 the London and Birmingham Railway Co established a works at Wolverton which built locomotives but which concentrated on carriages from the 1860s, locomotive building being centred at Crewe by the (now) London and North Western Railway Co. As production and population rose, New Bradwell was developed from 1852 and St James's church was built to meet the needs of the new settlement. It cost £4,430 of which £2,560 came from the LNWR's shareholders. To the S is a school and church hall by Street, forming part of a complex with the church.	SP 82829 41469	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
1160090	Grade II*; Listed Building	Church of St Andrew	Parish Church. C13 and C14, chancel rebuilt early C18. Rubble limestone with some ironstone dressings. Lead roof with parapets to aisles, battlements to nave and tower. Tiled roof to S. porch and chancel. West tower,	SP 85072 42323	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			clerestoried nave, S. aisle and projecting porch, N. chapel and porch, in one plane; chancel. C13 tower with lancet to ground floor, 2 upper stages with simple openings. C14 aisles, windows having plain mullions and transomes inserted C18.		
1190608	Grade II*; Listed Building	Bridge Number 65	Canal bridge. c.1800. Dressed limestone. Gothick style. Single-span bridge with wide slightly pointed arch and curved feet. Arch has blank cusped panels and keyblock. Semi-octagonal buttresses either side of arch have quatrefoil frieze to base and ogee half-cupolas and are flanked by ogee-headed niches. Panelled parapets with circular piers either end. In 1800 the two halves of the Grand Junction Canal met here. Construction began at Brentford in Middlesex and Braunston, Northamptonshire.	SP 79289 42742	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1246107	Grade II*; Listed Building	Railway Bridge (171c) Grand Union Canal	Railway Bridge. Built in 1834-5 for the London and Birmingham Railway, Chief Engineer, Robert Stephenson, widened probably in 1889 by the London and North Western Railway. Cast iron beams with brick and stone abutments. Sixteen cast-iron I-beams carry the track and these are supported on red and blue engineering brick abutments with a stone bearing. One girder is marked in	SP 81888 41440	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			relief lettering, BUTTERLEY (Butterley Iron Company of Derby). All the principal beams have a consistent concave-shaped bracing to the web, double bracing on some and single to others.		
1310704	Grade II*; Listed Building	Stable Blocks, to West of Linford Manor	Pair of matching buildings each side of the W. axis of the Manor House layout. c1720, coursed stone, hipped old tile roofs, moulded and bracketted stone cornices. 2 storeys. Each building has an E. front of 3 bays of sash windows in moulded stone architraves and central door in similar architrave with pediments supported on console brackets.	SP 85121 42270	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1040806	Grade II; Listed Building	Stable Block at Cosgrove Hall	Stable block, now converted into work shops. Mid C18 with C20 alterations and extensions,. Coursed squared limestone, hipped plain-tile roof. Single-storey, 9-bay range. 3 central double-leaf coach-house doors with semi-circular lunette heads. Plank doors to left and right with lunette heads flanked by lunette windows. Interior retains a set of stalls. C20 extension to rear.	SP 79060 42349	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1040807	Grade II; Listed Building	The Lodge	Early C19 with later additions. Coursed limestone rubble, painted, thatch roof, brick ridge and end stacks. Single-storey. L-plan. End elevation facing road has semi-circular rustic portico with six tree-trunk columns, engaged either	SP 78986 42298	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			end. Central round-arched plank door with pierced spandrels and porch. Flanked by 2-light casement windows with round-arched heads. Similar windows to side elevations. Wing of painted brick has 2-light casements with segmental-arched heads.		
1040808	Grade II; Listed Building	7, The Green	Mid C17, altered C20. Coursed squared limestone, corrugated asbestos roof over thatch, brick ridge stack on stone base. 2-unit lobby-entry plan. 2 storeys and attic, 3-window range. Central C20 lean-to porch, 2-light casement windows to ground floor, 3-light casements to 1st floor left and right of central 1-light casement, all with wood lintels. Right gable end faces street and has 3-light casement windows to ground and 1st floors and 2-light casement to attic, all with wood lintels.	SP 79587 42771	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1040809	Grade II; Listed Building	15, The Green	Farmhouse. Dated 1834. Coursed squared limestone, hipped slate roof. Tall brick lateral stacks. Double-depth plan. 2-storey, 3-window range. 4-panel door with overlight, panelled reveals, moulded wood surround and gabled hood on brackets; approached by 1 stone step. 16-pane sash windows to ground and 1st floors with stop-chamfered wood lintels. Quoins and overhanging eaves.	SP 79610 42793	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			Single-storey gabled extension to left. Datestone inscribed IFG/1834 to base of right lateral stack. 2-and 3-light casement windows to rear facing yard with stop-chamfered wood lintels.		
1040810	Grade II; Listed Building	18, The Green	Cottage. C18 altered C20. Coursed limestone rubble, painted, thatch roof, brick ridge and end stacks, that to ridge on stone base. 2-storey, one-window range. 2-unit plan. Central C20 gabled porch. A 2-light casement window to ground floor left, a 3-light casement to ground floor right, both with wood lintels and 3-light casement above with wood lintel in eyebrow dormer. 2-storey, 2-window, C20 extension to right joined to cottage by short single-storey link is not of special architectural interest. Interior noted as having chamfered spine beam and open fireplace with chamfered bressumer.	SP 79591 42666	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1040811	Grade II; Listed Building	The Barley Mow Public House	Public house, originally probably farmhouse. Late C17, altered C19 and C20. Coursed limestone rubble, corrugated iron roof replacing thatch, stone ridge stack with brick flues. 2 storeys and attic; 3-window range. 2-unit lobby-entry plan. Main front faces street and has central blocked door with flat-arched head. 3-light casement	SP 79232 42569	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			windows to ground and 1st floors left and right, and blocked central 1st floor window all with flat-arched stone heads.		
1040812	Grade II; Listed Building	The Manor	Early C17 with C18 and C19 alterations. Coursed squared limestone, slate roof, brick end and central ridge stacks. 2-unit plan. 2-storeys and attic; 3-window range. Main front faces south and has central panelled, part-glazed door with moulded stone surround, pulvinated frieze and broken pediment on brackets. 3-light casement windows to ground and 1st floors with flat-arched heads. Quoins, storey-band and stone-coped gables with kneelers. 2-storey wing to rear right alongside road; probably C18. Interior: chamfered spine beams. Collar truss roof with wind-braced purlins.	SP 78983 42691	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1040813	Grade II; Listed Building	Elms Farmhouse	Early C17 with C19 alterations. Coursed squared limestone, C20 plain- tile roof, brick end stacks with stone bases. 2 storeys and attic; 3-window range. 2-unit central-staircase plan. Central 4-panel door with wood lintel and timber porch flanked by C19 horned sash windows with segmental-arched heads. 2-light ovolo-moulded stone mullion windows to 1st floor centre, and similar 3-light	SP 78962 42695	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			windows to 1st floor left and right. C19 2-storey cross wing projects to left end: limestone with slate roof.		
1040846	Grade II; Listed Building	Ice House at SP 7926 4208 in Park of Cosgrove Hall	Icehouse. C18. Coursed squared limestone. Circular plan. Doorway with wood lintel. Domed stone roof.	SP 79242 41963	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1125226	Grade II; Listed Building	Ruins of Church of St Peter	Ruins of former parish church. Norman and Cl5, restored early C20 but now a fragmentary ruin. Rubble limestone, walls only. The E. wall of the chancel almost complete, with the arch of a C14 window.	SP 83564 42736	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1125238	Grade II; Listed Building	Barn to West of Linford Manor	Barn on S. side of main W. axis. Cl8 stone, thatched roof (reconstructed after fire 1976).	SP 85085 42227	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1125239	Grade II; Listed Building	THE OLD RECTORY	Early C17 much altered. Stone, old tile roof, 4 ornamental brick chimney stacks, 2 hipped 3-light dormers. 2-storeys and attic, East front U shaped centre part of 3 bays, cross casements, 2-light to centre of 1st floor, others 4-light except LH ground floor which is a casement of 4-lights. All have leaded glazing. Central 6 panelled oak door in older	SP 85138 42170	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			moulded frame in arched stone porch with springers, all within a C19 gabled timber porch. LH projecting gabled wing has a 3- light leaded attic casement over C19 2-storey canted bay window. RH wing rebuilt C19 in Tudor manner. Interior has chamfered beams. Some c1600 panelling and an altered early C18 oak staircase with turned balusters and moulded handrail.		
1125240	Grade II; Listed Building	The Nags Head Public House	C17 altered. Painted rubble stone, thatched roof, chimneys to S.W. gable and RH of centre. 2-storeys and attic. North front has 3 principal bays with 3 small 3-light leaded attic casements cut up into thatch, a 2-light C19 casement to LH on 1st floor and 4-light leaded casements centre and RH bays, 2 2-light C19 casements to ground floor with glazed door between, 3-light casement in centre and a door and a similar 3-light casement to RH. East front to road has gable on RH with 6 panel door and small hood, 1 storey and attic wing to LH with 1 dormer in thatch and 2 2-light casements with panelled shutters on ground floor.	SP 85218 42132	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1125241	Grade II; Listed Building	Glebe House	C18 altered. Dressed stone, hipped old tile roof with lead ridges, large central hipped dormer and two flanking hipped dormer windows, flanking chimneys with stone	SP 85218 42101	Within the Part 2

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			bases,3 rectangular brick shafts with offset heads, moulded and modillioned wood eaves cornice. 2-storeys and attic, plinth and 1st floor band.		CWAH 10 Study Area
1125242	Grade II; Listed Building	Wall in Front of Glebe House and Continued To South	Boundary wall. About 100 yards long and 7 feet high. Early C19 red brick with some blue headers. Top four courses added later above original offset and weathered coping. Part in front of house has half round brick copings. Wooden gates and gatepiers to house and stable yard.	SP852364 2085	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1125243	Grade II; Listed Building	21, 23 (Forge End Cottage), 25 (Old Bakery Cottage) and 27	Row of Cottages, C18 possibly incorporating earlier fabric, red brick with some blue headers at Nos. 21 and 23, No.27 rendered. Some rubble stone at rear. Old tile roof. No.25 to steeper pitch, dentil brick eaves to Nos. 25 and 27. 4 brick chimneys. 2-storeys, 7 windows mostly 2-light with segmental arched heads. All modernised at No.27, some old leaded glazing in No.21. 4 doors and open through passage on RH of No.21, which has lower part of old stone chimney on S. gable.	SP852764 2028	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1125244	Grade II; Listed Building	Stable Building About 30 Yards East of No 41	Stable and store ,C18 restored 1982, small roughly built timber framed structure with boarded walls, hipped thatched roof,2 stable doors and open section off RH of	SP 85282 42144	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			south side, 1 door to N. side. Interior has exposed unsawn rafters and principals. Damaged by fire 1985.		
1125277	Grade II; Listed Building	Mounting Block in Front of Wall to North of West Front of Linford Manor	Mounting block, C18. Stone block with 4 steps in front of arched recess in wall to N. of Manor.	SP 85227 42294	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1125278	Grade II; Listed Building	Walls Enclosing Garden Layout Of Linford Manor	Low rubble stone walls, partly retaining walls to east, enclosing the early C18 formal garden layout, the almshouses, barn and series of fishponds - an area of about 10 acres. Mid C19 gates at south entrance with plain gatepiers with ball finials. Plain gatepiers to west entrance also with ball finials.	SP 85215 42196	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1125321	Grade II; Listed Building	Stable Adjoining Wolverton Park	C18. Rubble built, joined by brick addition to main house. 2 storeys, 3 bays. Slate roof. Pigeon holes above garage door.	SP 80218 41065	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1125322	Grade II; Listed Building	Longueville Court	Circa 1729. 2 storey limestone house, ashlar with hipped slate roofs of 2 slopes with stone based chimneys at gable ends. 5 windows, glazing bar sashes, with wide moulded	SP 80347 41248	Within the Part 2

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			cases flush with the face, stone lintel with keystone, plinth and band at 1st floor level. Central entrance has early C17 stone doorcase salvaged from Wolverton Manor, demolished 1725.		CWAH 10 Study Area
1125324	Grade II; Listed Building	Manor Farm House	Early C19. A 2 storey limestone house with attic and cellar. Ashlar, roughly 'L'-shaped with steep pitched gabled roofs, red tiles, brick chimney stacks with stone bases. South front has 3 segmental headed dormers with sash windows. A one window extension at both ends of the front. These are 2 storey but slightly lower than the main part which has 3 windows, 2 tripartite and a narrow single light sash, in reveals with cambered heads, keystones and glazing bars.	SP 80711 41756	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1125325	Grade II; Listed Building	Garden Walls to North and West of Manor Farm House	Probably early-mid C19. The north wall is stone, brick faced, and has a tiled finish, 4 to 5 feet high, brick piers. The west wall is similar but lower.	SP 80690 41778	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1125326	Grade II; Listed Building	Manor Cottages	Early C18, undergoing conversion at time of survey. 2 storey stone house with steep pitched early tiled roof, brick chimney stacks, moulded stone eaves, 3 hipped dormers. 5 windows (one blind) 2 light casements with flat arched	SP 80707 41475	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			heads, 4 light (2 long and 2 short) on ground floor. Central door with 4 fielded panels and a rectangular light over. 2 dated quoins on south-east corner have dates 17X5 and 1754. Interior: simple stop chamfered beams; inglenook fireplace; square oak staircase with turned balusters.		Indicative Work Area
1125327	Grade II; Listed Building	Manor Cottages	Early C18, converted as one. Forms a 'T' with Nos 4 and 5. 2 storeys. Rubble built. 2 tripartite casement windows to each floor and 2 hipped dormers. Central door. Wooden lintels to ground floor openings. Small 1st floor window in centre. A small lattice casement window on south-east gable. High pitched tile roof.	SP 80713 41480	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
1125357	Grade II; Listed Building	The Cuba Public House	Circa 1860. On corner of Church Street. 2 storeys, 4 windows to north and 4 to west. Chamfered corner with blind window over blocked door. Stuccoed brick with slate roof, 2 brick chimneys with yellow brick quoins and cap bands. Stucco moulded eaves cornice. Architraves to sash windows with glazing bars. Segmental headed windows on 1st floor. Round headed windows with keys on ground floor. 2nd opening from left is a glazed door with side lights and a radiating fanlight. Rectangular glazed doorway to Church Street. Lower extension to south.	SP 82872 41487	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
1125390	Grade II; Listed Building	The New Inn	Circa 1800. 2 storeys. 3 windows. Coursed rubble. 3 roof ridges, gable end to road. Front facing north. Glazing bar sash windows. Glazed central door, with plain flat bracketted hood, flanked by recent 4 light bays with casement windows. Slate roof. 2 of gable ends stone built with 2 glazing bar sashes each on ground floor; brick addition with gable end to street has 4 windows facing south.	SP 83173 41280	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1159274	Grade II; Listed Building	St James's Vicarage	2 storeys. Red brick, slate roof with attic within an irregular mansard. Crested ridge. Gable end to south of west front has a projecting chimney with tumbled brick. Lean-to roof at side with 3 light mullioned and transomed window above lighting stairs. South front has 2 windows on each floor of uneven sizes with continuous moulded cill course. Plate glass sashes with cambered heads and shouldered corners. East front has 3 windows - gables under segmental arches and a 2 storey 3 light bay under amble to left. Central rectangular 4 light bay on ground floor. Moulded string course below 1st floor windows.	SP 83324 41115	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
1159353	Grade II; Listed Building	Methodist Church	Brick with stone dressings, decorated tracery and other ornament, strings, kneelers and coping. Central gabled pinch with crockets and finials with recessed entrances to left and right. Ogee hood mould below gable over pointed arch on stone columns. Tip of gable decorated. Strings over ground floor and at impost level of 2 tall decorated lancets with round windows over. 2 lancets with hood moulds flank porch. 3 gable tip vents above further string. Coped gable with pinnacle. Tower of 3 stages, belfry on 3rd stage with louvred openings in paired round headed windows. Corner finials rise through short parapet. Hexagonal stone base for unbuilt steeple above. Entrance to tower also has ogee hood mould. Tiled roof with spirelet on ridge.	SP 81809 41155	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1160138	Grade II; Listed Building	Walls Flanking West Front of Linford Manor	Walls attached to each side of the main block, in front of the wings. C18, dressed stone with plain copings, each having a central gate with square piers with moulded cappings, surmounted by modern stone urns. Attached to N. end is a higher length of stone wall with corner pier with ball finial, 3 bays with central blind recess flanked by blind lunettes and gates to LH.	SP 85234 42259	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
1160471	Grade II; Listed Building	Wolverton Park	Early-mid C18. 2 storeys and attic. 5 windows on 1st floor. Slightly older 2 storey 2 window extension to right. Steep early tiled roof with a dormer to rear [part slated at rear also]. Coursed rubble with ashlar band over ground floor and flat arches to late sash windows. Later Victorian porch with glazed tracery in gable and cusped trusses. 5 light rectangular bay to left.	SP 80204 41053	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1190618	Grade II; Listed Building	5, 7 and 11, Stratford Road	Row of estate cottages. Dated 1832 with possible older origins. Coursed squared limestone, hipped slate roof, brick ridge stacks. 2-storey, 10-window range. Central doorway to passage with round-arched head, imposts and keyblock inscribed HLM/1832. Panel above with coat of arms, possibly C17. 2-light casement windows to ground and 1st floors with wood lintels. 3-bay centre breaks forward slightly and has pedimented gable with oculus window. Entrances to rear.	SP 79045 42420	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1246101	Grade II; Listed Building	Blue Bridge	Railway over bridge. 1834-5 for the London and Birmingham Railway, chief engineer Robert Stephenson; extended 1878-82 by the London and North Western Railway. The original bridge is built of coursed, squared, rock-faced limestone and blue engineering brick. Three	SP822974 0389	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			elliptical arches with stone imposts and blue brick arch rings. Stone facing to the bridge up to a continuous brick band supporting brick parapet walls and part original stone and part concrete coping. The extension bridge is built to a larger scale with twin segmental arches with a band over, flanked by pilasters, and with a continuous stone roll mould which is stepped down with the parapet at the far end of the bridge.		
1246104	Grade II; Listed Building	Former Railway Works Building	Railway works building. 1845, for the London and Birmingham Railway, extended 1850 and altered late C19 and early C20 by the London and North Western Railway. Red brick with some stone dressings and slate roofs with extensive glazed lights. A high single storey with gabled roofs running in different directions. The 1845 build is a rectangle facing west onto the railway line with five gabled roofs running east-west, the southern one of these flanks the Stratford Road. Stretching north along the railway to the canal bridge is a gabled range, once the tender shop. To the north and east of the original build are extensions of 1850 and later.	SP 81978 41365	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
1271501	Grade II; Listed Building	The Elms	House and surgery, converted into two houses. 1903, Edward Swinfen Harris for Dr. John Harvey, medical officer to the London and North-Western Railway company and Works Surgeon. Red brick in English bond with Bath stone dressings, plain-tile hipped and gabled roof, brick ridge.	SP 81877 40951	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1271522	Grade II; Listed Building	Former Royal Train Shed	Railway works building. Built in 1889 and designed by C A Park. The building is constructed of red brick with a Welsh slate and glazed roof. It is a long narrow gabled three-road shed of thirty-three bays built parallel with the tracks with an additional shorter and narrower gabled shed built onto the north-west side of the main one. The south gable has triple doors with a tripartite arched opening in the gable above. The north gable has three sunk panels with a tripartite opening in the gable above. The north gable of the additional building has only two sunk panels, but it also has a tripartite opening in the gable.	SP 81853 41580	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1293733	Grade II; Listed Building	Old Dower House	House. Late C17 with C19 alterations and additions. Coursed squared limestone, plain-tile roof, brick end stacks, that to left on stone base. 2-storey, 3-window range. 2-unit plan. C19 part-glazed panelled door to far right with pilastered wood surround and gabled porch. 12-	SP 79018 42495	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			pane sash windows to ground and 1st floors with ogee-stop-chamfered wood lintels some with additional bar stops. Stone-coped gables with kneelers. 2-storey, 1-window extension to left, 2-storey, 2-window extension to right, both probably C19.		
1310522	Grade II; Listed Building	St James' School and Church Hall	Gothic style. Stone with slate roof and crested ridge. Plan forms 2 interlocked 'T's, the Church Hall prolonged to the west, with a slate covered bellcote at intersection at north end. 1 storey with coped gables containing plate tracery. To east: gabled end, 3 intermediate gables and 3 projecting gabled porches. Tall chimney with stiff leaf cap at north end. West front: similarly gabled with a large gabled porch. North front (of Church Hall): 6 bays with windows of various grouping. 4 louvres in roof. Later range in brick to south-east of these buildings not included.	SP 82857 41420	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1310587	Grade II; Listed Building	Stonebridgehouse Farmhouse	Early to mid C18 limestone house standing gable end to road. In plan 2 houses joined at north-east end and separated by narrow gully. Gable ends to road joined by parapet. 2 storey with steep old tile roofs, raised verges with simply carved kneelers and late brick chimney stacks. 3 unequally. spaced hipped dormers.	SP 82291 41489	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
1310656	Grade II; Listed Building	The Wharf House	House, late C18 built as an inn on the canal bank. Rubble stone, part colourwashed, old tile roof with flanking brick chimneys. 2-storeys to canal, 3 storeys to lower ground on north. Attic in roof. South front has 3 bays with 4 pane wide upper floor sash windows and altered sashes flanking central door on ground floor. 2-light attic windows in gables. Irregular openings to north front. Shallow roofed lean-to against west gable.	SP 85488 42515	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1311093	Grade II; Listed Building	The Old Windmill	Built 1876 for Samuel Holman. Limestone tower of 3 tapering stages with brick repairs. All machinery except crown-wheel intact. This and sails being overhauled for reuse at time of resurvey.	SP 83108 41126	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1332257	Grade II; Listed Building	Manor Cottages	Mid C18. 2 storeys. 2 windows. Rubble built. Old tile roof. 2 brick chimneys. 2 light casement windows with cemented lintels. Wooden lintel to modern door with porch (corrugated roof). Brick lean-to to south-west. Blocked window in north-east gable end. Gabled 2 storey brick extension to rear.	SP 80734 41469	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
1332258	Grade II; Listed Building	Cedar Lodge	Compact plan, 2 storeys, double roof with cross gables on opposite sides. Squared rubble with Derbyshire stone (pink) dressings and quoins. Tiled roof. Gable end chimneys with separate shafts. Entrance (north) front has 3 windows on 1st floor. 2 light casement window With mullion below large gable end with bargeboard. 2 gabled half-dormers (bargeboard in right hand dormer). Central projecting gabled porch, 4 centre arch headed doorway with label over plank door. 3 light rectangular bay of later date to left of porch, hipped tiled roof inter locking with that of porch. Mullioned window to right. Casements. Gabled extension to east.	SP 81847 41015	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1332260	Grade II; Listed Building	57-79, Spencer Street (See details for further address information)	Built 1853-61. All that remains of 3 streets known as Railway Cottages. Cottage terraces facing each other, formerly with service roads behind. Yellow brick with red brick quoins, string courses and cambered arches to doors and windows. Slate roofs with moderately projecting eaves. 2 storeys with 3 storey end blocks with hipped roofs. 2 windows each, sashes with glazing bars (No 74 casements). Plain paired doors some partly glazed. Large cruciform plan brick chimneys.	SP 82916 41314	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
1332296	Grade II; Listed Building	Outbuildings at Manor Farm to North and East of Manor Farm House	A variety of brick and stone barns, outbuildings, stables and shelter sheds with slate roofs. Mostly early to mid C19. Forming 5 fold yards in all. A square 2 storey hipped roof tower in the easternmost range. Smaller sheds, brick built to face cobbled courtyard with brick eaves band, cambered heads to windows and 2 round headed windows. Good cobbled courtyard.	SP 80766 41771	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1332333	Grade II; Listed Building	Dovecote to North West of The Old Rectory	Dovecote, now roofless. Early C17 stone, square in plan with simple door. Nesting boxes in walls. Formerly had a hipped tiled roof surmounted by a square cupola.	SP851684 2121	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1332334	Grade II; Listed Building	Stables to North of The Glebe House	Stable block. Early C19, brick, hipped tile roof with ornamental ridge. 1 storey and loft, 5 bay front with flattened semicircular brick arches to 3 2-light leaded windows and door in central bay with leaded fanlight. Coach doors on RH with segmental arched head, gabled loft entrance with ornamental ridge and finial in 2nd bay from right.	SP 85208 42119	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
1332335	Grade II; Listed Building	Church Farmhouse	House. C17 or early C18. Rubble stone, Old tile roof with 2 brick chimneys. and small gabled dormer in centre near eaves. 2-storeys and attic. E. front has 4 bays and 3 large brick buttresses, rendered. Door in 2nd bay from LH., 3-light casements to ground floor and 2-light to 1st floor, all with timber lintels. Reputed to have once been a tithe barn.	SP852304 1990	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1332336	Grade II; Listed Building	Rivet's Yard	House. C18, pebble dash finish, thatched roof, brick chimney at E. end. 2 storeys, upper windows let into thatch, 3 windows in all (including rear of No.39). Timber lintels to ground floor, 4 panel door to LH of centre, joined by common lintel to window in centre.	SP 85279 42060	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1332353	Grade II; Listed Building	K6 Telephone Kiosk	Telephone kiosk. Type K6. Designed 1935 by Sir Giles Gilbert Scott. Made by various contractors. Cast iron. Square kiosk with domed roof. Unperforated crowns to top panels and margin glazing to windows and door.	SP 85252 42044	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
1371635	Grade II; Listed Building	The Horse Tunnel	Aqueduct. Late C18. Coursed squared limestone and red brick. Single-arched aqueduct conveying canal over pedestrian right-of-way. Horseshoe-shaped tunnel vault	SP 79290 42582	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			and entrances. The latter have keyblocks and curved stone retaining walls, curving forward either side.		
1371636	Grade II; Listed Building	Cosgrove Hall and Attached Office Wing	Country house. Early C18 with C19 and C20 alterations. Limestone ashlar, hipped slate roof and stone internal stacks. H plan. 2 storeys and attic; 7-window range. 3-bay recessed centre of entrance front has been filled by projecting 2-storey extension with flat roof behind stone-coped parapet; probably early C19. Central single-storey porch with panelled double-leaf doors and overlight flanked by Doric pilasters bearing simple entablature; moulded stone cornice and blocking cornice.	SP 79123 42319	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1371655	Grade II; Listed Building	Dovecote at Cosgrove Hall	Dovecote. Early C18. Square with pyramidal plain-tile roof and square timber Glover. Plank door with wood lintel. Projecting eaves with large wood modillions.	SP 79057 42326	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1389355	Grade II; Listed Building	Wyvern First School	First School, originally combined elementary school for infants and girls. Built 1906 for Bucks County Education Committee; some C20 alterations. Architects Messrs Harrington, Ley and Kerkham of 65 Bishopsgate St Without, London. General contractor E. Archer of Northampton. Fireproof construction of brick with concrete	SP 81327 40917	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			floors. Facings of Heather brick (a high quality red brick) in English bond with extensive Bath stone dressings. Hipped and gabled slate roofs and ribbed lead ogee roofs to stair turrets and painted wood louvres.		
1389356	Grade II; Listed Building	Technical Classroom at Wyvern First School	Technical classroom, early C20. Brick with slate hipped roof with raised rectangular lantern at apex. One main room with wood windows, entry porch and chimney. Free-standing structure for the instruction of technical activity in the grounds of Wyvern First School.	SP 81330 40945	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1389357	Grade II; Listed Building	Classroom at Wyvern First School	Detached classroom, early-C20. Brick with slate pitched roof. One room with narrow balcony to one end with semi-circular exterior window. Three bays of large, high windows divided by brick pilasters. Interior with exposed heavy wood trusses. Listed for group value with Wyvern First School and as part of this early-C20 complex of educational buildings.	SP 81349 40973	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1389358	Grade II; Listed Building	Wyvern Nursery	Nursery School, originally built as an elementary school for boys. 1896 with some C20 alterations. Red brick in Flemish bond and hipped and gabled slate roofs with ornamental tile ridges and terracotta finials to gables.	SP 81318 41017	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
1389359	Grade II; Listed Building	Railway Bridge 171D (Skew Bridge)	Railway underbridge. Built 1837-8 for the London and Birmingham Railway, engineer Robert Stephenson. Constructed of red brick in English bond, extensively repaired in blue engineering brick with red sandstone dressings. The bridge consists of a single segmental arch with stone impost bands, built on a significant skew. The arch is framed on the west face by elegant stone coped retaining wing-walls, which curve forward to terminate in low piers with pyramidal stone caps.	SP 81810 41636	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1389360	Grade II; Listed Building	Headstone Approx 20 Metres South West of the Tower of the Church of the Holy Trinity	Headstone, Late C17. Ironstone. Curved and eared design to top. Inscription reads: "Here Lyeth the body of James Miller Husb. of Amy Miller who departed this life (1690)."	SP 80311 41260	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1389361	Grade II; Listed Building	Two Chest Tombs to the South of the Nave of the Church of the Holy Trinity	Two Chest tombs, Late C18. Ironstone. Quarter baluster corners. Tomb to east has inscription in the two panels to each long side. Inscriptions read: 'Thomas Ratliffe died Jan 17 1775 Aged 70 years,' 'Elizabeth Ratliffe died Jan 11 1746 Aged 42 years,' 'Edward Cooke died 24 July 1794 Aged 60 years,' "Mary Cooke died 27 Jan 1809 Aged 75	SP 80320 41290	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			years.' Tomb to west is raised on plinth and enclosed by early C19 cast iron railings with spear finials and standards to corner with urn finials. The inscription to one face is covered with ivy, but the other face is inscribed: "Beneath...Jane Ratcliffe Daughter of Tho & Emma Ratcliffe departed this life June 16 1790 in the 23rd year of her age.'		
1389362	Grade II; Listed Building	Mortuary Chapel at St George the Martyr	Mortuary Chapel, mid-late C19. Yellow brick in Flemish bond with tile pitched roof. One room plan. Brick elevations with continuous brick plinth. No openings except to south elevation with central stone lancet arch opening with wood door. Sited on axis with west of St. George the Martyr. Likely housed bodies before burial and burial equipment.	SP 81807 41067	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1389363	Grade II; Listed Building	Spinney Cottage	Cottage. Early-Mid C18, altered 1887 by Edward Swinfen Harris. Coursed limestone rubble, plain-tile roof with ornamental tile ridges, brick ridge and rear lateral stacks.	SP 80180 40967	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1389364	Grade II; Listed Building	Milepost	Milepost. 1833. Cast iron. Of V plan, open to back, with down-sloping triangular cap. Lettered in raised capital letters in superimposed pairs of rectangular mouldings with scooped corners: to left side top BUCKINGHAM 9, bottom	SP 80265 40992	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			STRATFORD 1, and to right side top NEWPORT 5, bottom STRATFORD 1. Painted white with mouldings lettering and figures painted black.		
1389365	Grade II; Listed Building	Former School and School House	School and School House, now parish hall and dwelling. Built 1856-7. Possibly designed by Radcliffe Trust surveyor Charles Couchman of Birmingham. Coursed squared local limestone, limestone dressings, slate roofs with ornamental blue tile ridges and stone internal, ridge and lateral stacks. School, now hall, has L-shaped plan. School House, now dwelling to west side has 3-unit plan and 2 storeys with front facing west and back directly against school.	SP 80450 41167	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1389366	Grade II; Listed Building	Stable Approx 18 Metres to the South West of Longueville Court	Stable. c.1800. Coursed limestone rubble with slate roof with tile ridges.	SP 80340 41220	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1390779	Grade II; Listed Building	Former Reading Room for Wolverton Railway Works	Former Reading Room, for the London and Birmingham Railway, empty at the time of inspection (2003). 1839 with minor C20 alterations. Red brick in English Bond. with some stone dressings. Hipped slate roof with roof lights and ridge ventilators. Restrained Classical style.	SP 82036 41367	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
1392922	Grade II; Listed Building	Former St Georges Institute and Sunday School (Madcap)	GV II BUILDING: philanthropic institute and Sunday School (now Arts Centre); built 1908, extended 1910. Charles Marriott Oldrid Scott. 1910 extension by draughtsman at Wolverton Carriage Works. Purple stock brick, English bond with red brick dressings, painted wood eaves, plain red tile roofs.	SP 81829 41155	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1392923	Grade II; Listed Building	Former Wolverton Park Keeper's Lodge, Wolverton Park	Park keeper's lodge. Brick (some elevations now painted), timber framing and some tile-hanging to first floor, red tile roof with ornamental ridge tiles.	SP 81867 41650	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1441007	Grade II; Listed Building	New Bradwell War Memorial	New Bradwell War Memorial is located within New Bradwell Cemetery. It consists of a sculpture of a Private of the Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry. The figure is standing to attention with a rifle at his side. He stands on three steps which rise from a square plinth with and entablature embellished with carved decorative details. The plinth is set upon a three-stepped base.	SP840924 1794	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
1458629	Grade II; Listed Building	Wolverton War Memorial Cross	The memorial stands in The Square, on the original war memorial site. It takes the form of a slender column in polished pink granite, square on plan, the top half of which is cut back to reveal four narrow Latin crosses that	SP816804 0958	Within the Part 2

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			combine to make a Greek cross in plan. The interior faces of the crosses are textured with vertical ribbing, whilst the exterior faces, flush with the lower half of the column, are smooth.		CWAH 10 Study Area
1463433	Grade II; Listed Building	New Bradwell War Memorial Clock Tower	Clock tower, built as a Second World War memorial. The tower stands within an area of formal gardens. Red brick set in Flemish bond, with lead cappings.	SP825414 1448	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
CWAH 11 Eaglestone					
1007930	Scheduled Monument	Moated site and fishpond at Old Rectory Farm.	The monument includes a moated site situated in the grounds of Old Rectory Farm and probably represents the site of the manor house associated with the medieval village of Woughton on the Green. The moat visibly survives around the north, west and east sides of the island, averaging 10 m wide and 1.6m deep, but is overlain in the south by the modern farmyard. The internal platform is slightly raised above the surrounding natural land surface and is rectangular in shape, measuring 22m east to west by 30 m north to south. To the immediate east of the moat is a rectangular pond 30 m long by 10 m wide orientated east to west. All buildings and fences are	SP 87100 37565	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Indicative Work Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			excluded from the scheduling but the ground beneath them is included.		
1007938	Scheduled Monument	Shrunken Medieval Village, Woughton on the Green	The village, comprising a small group of houses, gardens, yards, streets, paddocks, often with a green, a manor and a church, and with a community primarily devoted to farming, was a significant component of the rural landscape in most areas of medieval England, much as it is today. Villages provided some services to the local community as well as acting as the focus of ecclesiastical, and often manorial, authority within each medieval parish. Although the sites of many of these villages have been occupied continuously down to the present day, many have declined considerably in size and are now occupied by farmsteads or hamlets. This decline may have taken place gradually throughout the lifetime of the village or more rapidly, particularly during the 14th and 15th centuries when many other villages were wholly deserted. The reasons for diminishing size were varied but often reflected declining economic viability or population fluctuations as a result of widespread epidemics such as the Black Death. As a consequence of their decline, large	SP 87903 37813 and SP 87406 37526	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Indicative Work Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			parts of these villages are frequently undisturbed by later occupation and contain well-preserved archaeological deposits. Over 3000 shrunken medieval villages are recorded nationally. Because they are a common and long-lived monument type in most parts of England, they provide important information on the diversity of medieval settlement patterns and farming economy between the regions and through time.		
3154	Conservation Area	Wroughton on the Green	-	SP 87435 37559	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Indicative Work Area
1161141	Grade II*; Listed Building	Church of St Mary	Parish Church, C13 C14 and C15, restored C19. Coursed limestone. Lead and slate roofs, tiles to chancel and S porch. Embattled C15 west tower of 3 stages, C13/14 nave and aisle and C19 porch. Restored chancel. Traceried windows, C19 E. window. C14 S. doorway.	SP 87688 37596	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
1125195	Grade II; Listed Building	Cairn Cottage	Cottage. C17 altered. Timber framed with colourwashed plaster infill. Thatched roof, half hipped to W. 1 storey and attic. Main part has 2 bays, 2 upper casements cut up into thatch, 2 modern casements to ground floor. Doors on each side, RH one in 1 storey tiled extension, similar smaller extension to LH. Interior: heavily beamed first floor and exposed timber framing in walls,	SP 87621 37506	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
1125196	Grade II; Listed Building	Woodbine Cottage	Cottage. At the rear of No.5 Cottage Farm and forming L plan with it. Early C19, red brick, chequer pattern of yellow headers in LH bay, tiled roof, 2 brick chimneys, 3 bays of 2 light upper casements, the 2 LH ones with segmental arches. 2 doors and 2 casements all with segmental arched heads to ground floor, later door and window to RH with soldier arch.	SP 87523 37505	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
1125198	Grade II; Listed Building	The Old Rectory Farm	House, formerly Rectory, now a Youth Centre. C18, possibly with older fabric, red brick, slate roof hipped to SE corner, half-hipped at W end, W, N and inner roofslopes tiled. 2-storeys, S front has 4 bays of 4-pane sash windows in reveals with cills and segmental arched head. Half-glazed door in 2nd bay from LH in doorcase of engaged Doric columns and entablature with 3 stone	SP 87092 37564	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			steps. E front has 2 bays of sash windows, W front has 2 half hipped gables. Central door with semicircular arched window above.		
1125237	Grade II; Listed Building	The Manor House	Early C18 alterations to earlier house. Altered. Chequer brick on stone plinth, hipped old tile roof, central chimney, offset eaves, 2 storeys and attic, 1st floor band, S. front has 3 bays, the centre a C19 gabled projection with toothed brick verge, small attic sash, a 3- pane sash window on the 1st floor, door with modern Georgian surround and wheel fanlight, outer bays with similar sash windows to 1st floor, C19 canted bays to ground floor.	SP 87253 37597	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
1161105	Grade II; Listed Building	Old Tudor House	House. C16 or early C17. Timber framed with colourwashed brick infill, thatched roof half hipped at E. end, chimneys to E. of centre and at W. end. Small dormer near ridge to centre. 2 storeys and attic. N. front has RH part oversailing on shaped beam ends. 3 bays of 3 light casements, upper leaded, of different dates. Door between LH and centre bays in modern thatched porch.	SP 87565 37519	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
1161111	Grade II; Listed Building	Appletree Cottage	House, C17 altered, part timber framed with colourwashed brick infilling, part colourwashed brick, old tile roof, one old brick chimney at E. end of higher roof to W. part which is	SP 87507 37516	Within the Part 2

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			hipped at this end. 2 storeys, with attic in W. part, which has vertical timber framing above, brick to ground floor. 1 bay of 2-light casement windows leaded to ground floor. E. part lower with 2 upper casements (3 light and 1 light) door and window to LH of ground floor, bay window to RH, all with modern leaded glazing.		CWAH 11 Study Area
1161153	Grade II; Listed Building	Ye Olde Swan	C17 altered and extended, timber framed with colourwashed brick infilling and parts of ground floor, red brick additions. Tiled roofs, brick chimneys. L-shaped two storeys. North front has projecting gabled wing to right hand with one bay of wood casements, two-light over three-light. Return wall has three-light casement to ground floor, north wall of main block has irregular windows including small leaded casement to first floor, modern window to ground floor. Door in lean-to porch in angle. South front now hidden by four gabled extensions, that to the right hand at lower level, perhaps C18.	SP 87663 37524	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
1310238	Grade II; Listed Building	North Cottage	Cottage. C17-18 altered, brick, part roughcast painted, old tile roof half hipped at S. end, central chimney. 2-storeys and attic, 1st floor string broken above central door with wood lintel, 2 upper 3-light casements, one segmental	SP 87298 37598	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			headed similar window to RH of ground floor, S. gable has 2 segmental headed 2-light casement windows to ground floor, 1 2-light casement to LH of 1st floor and one to attic. W. roofslope has 1 central dormer with swept roof.		
1332350	Grade II; Listed Building	Cottage Farm	Cottage. Early C19, brick, slate roof, central chimney, brick dentil eaves, 2 bays of 2-light wood casements and central half glazed door in lattice porch.	SP 87513 37518	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
1332351	Grade II; Listed Building	Frenches Farmhouse	House. C18, altered, incorporating earlier fabric. Colour washed brick, tiled roof, brick chimneys to W. of centre and at E. end. 2 storeys. N. front of 4 bays, 2 upper LH barred sashes in architrave frames, 2 RH windows bricked up. 2 similar sashes to LH of ground floor, bricked up doorway in centre, lean-to addition on RH with re-set 6 panelled door. E. gable has 2 small lattice windows to 1st floor. S. front has exposed timber framing to LH, modern windows.	SP 87252 37371	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
1332352	Grade II; Listed Building	Old Thatch	Cottage. C18. Buff brick, thatched roof with 1 small 2 light dormer cut up into thatch on RH. Flanking brick chimneys, that on the LH. in a half-hipped end, stepped and projecting. 2 storey and attic, door in open thatched porch	SP 87580 37864	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			to RH. of centre, 2 2-light casements to LH with flat arches. 1-storey tiled extension on RH.		
1458153	Grade II; Listed Building	Woughton on the Green War Memorial Cross	The granite memorial cross stands on the verge on the east side of Newport Road and aligned to the west tower of the Church of St Mary (Grade II*-listed). It comprises a simple wheel-head cross with decorative roundels incised into the cross-head. The cross-shaft stands on a tapering pedestal and single granite step. The dedicatory inscription to the front face of the pedestal reads FOR RIGHT AND LIBERTY/ 1914 + 1918 (4 NAMES).	SP876553 7592	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
CWAH 12 Fenny Stratford					
1125422	Grade II*; Listed Building	Church of St Martin	St Martin, Fenny Stratford replaced a small chapel dedicated to St Margaret, dependant on the much larger church in nearby Bletchley. The earlier chapel was medieval in origin, and was wholly rebuilt in late C16. It was destroyed in the Civil War and apparently not rebuilt. The site was purchased and the present church of St Martin was built on its site between 1726-30 under the patronage of local landowner Browne Willis. His choice of a Gothic style was probably a deliberate statement of High	SP 88254 34069	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			Anglicanism in the face of significant non-Conformity in the parish.		
1125436	Grade II*; Listed Building	11 and 13, Watling Street	C15 or possibly earlier origin, the front position built 1495. Originally a Chantry House. Large timber framed building with cross wings, divided into cottages on south side C16/C17. The road end has unfortunate 2 storey circa 1920-30 office addition. Brick and stuccoed nogging. Steep gable end tiled and corrugated roofs.	SP 88300 34058	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
1125401	Grade II; Listed Building	Lock	This section of the canal was built in the 1790's. Brick lined lock with stone copings, retaining working lock gates. The Red Lion Public House, Lock View, Pine View, The Lock, Lock Keeper's Cottage and Toll House form a group.	SP 88357 34372	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Indicative Work Area
1125402	Grade II; Listed Building	Pump House	Early C19 small single storey buff brick building with angled north-west corner. Low hipped slate roof, flat eaves. One glazing bar sash and two plain doors. Originally the toll house.	SP 88364 34394	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
1125423	Grade II; Listed Building	43, Aylesbury Street	C17 style building. 2 storeys red brick. Steep gable end tiled roof with bands of scalloped tiles and cresting tiles to ridge. Slightly off centre timber framed and roughcast	SP 88147 33954	Within the Part 2

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			gable projecting over front with date panel. 1st floor has 2 outer squat windows, casements with fanlight heads, brick voussoirs to round arches and hood moulds - 2 inner wood casements with fluted keystones to flat arches flanking oriel bay window, with fanlight over centre casement, and moulded entablature.		CWAH 12 Study Area
1125424	Grade II; Listed Building	The Maltsters Arms Public House	Circa 1850 low, long, 2 storey front, rough cast brick. Gable end slate roof, shallow flat eaves. 4 glazing bar sash windows 1st floor, those to right hand wider spaced. 3 small canted bay windows on ground floor with renewed glazing bar sash lights. Double panelled door, broad wood case, brackets to shallow hood.	SP 88154 33975	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
1125425	Grade II; Listed Building	59, Aylesbury Street	CI6/CI7 2 storey half timbered house, much altered exterior with cement rendered 1st floor and the ground floor to road brought forward for shop windows. 3 widely spaced modern casements on 1st floor. Steep gable end new tile roof. To rear where not obscured by later extensions, traces of timber framing with later brick nogging. No external chimney. The roof structure of 3 bays has partially exposed trusses and purlins.	SP 88202 34051	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
1125434	Grade II; Listed Building	60, Watling Street	Large three storey dark red brick house of around 1816 by Charles Warren, fronting dwelling of early to mid C18 origin at right angles to the road altered and enlarged late C18. The road level was lowered around 1830 and realigned, resulting in the house being set back from and raised above it. Low pitch gable end slate roof, the eaves on small paired dentils.	SP 88165 34188	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
1125435	Grade II; Listed Building	48, Watling Street	Early recasing of C17 building. 2 storeys painted brick. Gable end slate roof, gutter cornice. Raised on stucco plinth and cellar. 2 windows, flush framed glazing bar sashes, tripartite to left hand on ground floor and small rectangular, pent-roof, bay window with cellar hatch to face, on right hand. Panelled and glazed door with bracketed cornice hood. 4 steps up.	SP 88209 34167	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
1125440	Grade II; Listed Building	The Red Lion Public House	Set back from road by Grand Junction Canal. 1901 simple Georgian style. 2 storeys, red brick ground floor with entablature and roughcast 1st floor. Gable end tiled roof with brick eaves and parapet south gable end. Corniced chimneys. 2 and 3 light wood casements. Ground floor cut away at south east corner to form porch with squat	SP 88339 34376	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			columns with strong entasis, supporting corner, rising from brick wall. Listed for group value on canal side.		
1160163	Grade II; Listed Building	Bollards along raised terrace of 60, Watling Street	Cast iron cannon type bollards with slung chains between are set to front of terrace along road. The raised terrace was created around 1830 when the road was realigned and lowered at Telford's suggestion after the demolition of cottages on the west side of Watling Street.	SP 88158 34184	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
1160203	Grade II; Listed Building	Fenny Stratford Station Building	2 storeys with elaborate diagonal and curved diamond framing pattern, roughcast and brick infill. Steep pitch gable end tiled roof with grouped diagonally set stacks a ridge and fancy bargeboards with finials to gable ends facing south and on to platform. Small dormers cutting eaves with similar bargeboards. Single storey wings at right angles at south end.	SP 88135 34269	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
1310679	Grade II; Listed Building	Canalside Cottage	Early C19 lock keeper's cottage restored 1911. Two storeys rough cast. Low pitch hipped slate roof. Three two light wood casements. Gabled porch.	SP 88367 34378	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
1332224	Grade II; Listed Building	Outhouse to Rear of Number 30 The Bull And Butcher Public House	Circa 1840-50 small red brick house and shop of 2 storeys. Low gable end slate roof. Carriageway and small canted pilastered shop window with entablature continued over the door. 2 flush framed sash windows on 1st floor. To rear is a C17/C18 stables or outhouse, timber framed with brick between wall posts which are exposed to south. 3 bay crown post roof with rough purlins. Formerly used as stables for the adjoining inn. Slate roof. "The Bull" adjoins and appears to be late C18 in date, possibly a recasing of an earlier building.	SP 88182 33918	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
1332225	Grade II; Listed Building	Bracknell House	Corner site with Vicarage Road. Circa 1840-50 villa. 2 storeys yellow brick. Low hipped slate roof with flat eaves. Broad 3 window symmetrical front. Recessed marginal glazed sashes with gauged brick flat arches. Panelled and glazed door in panelled reveal architrave case with roundel corner blocks. Tuscan column porch with modern entablature.	SP 88083 33811	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
1332226	Grade II; Listed Building	49 and 51, Aylesbury Street	Circa 1850 long, low, 2 storey block with some later c19 alterations. Painted and stuccoed brick. Low gable end slate roof. One glazing bar sash window and 4 later C19 canted bay windows with hipped slate roofs and finials, on	SP 88164 33994	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			1st floor. 2 double pilastered shop fronts with common frieze and blind box, on ground floor. Doors in splayed recesses to centre of each shop front.		
1332233	Grade II; Listed Building	Lock View Pine View	Built on edge of canal by lock. Perhaps originally 4 cottages, 2 storeys buff brick, flat band. Gable end slate roof with flat eaves. 4 windows and 2 blind panels. Plain doors. Gauged brick arches. Included for group value on canal side.	SP 88348 34352	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
1332255	Grade II; Listed Building	Fenny Lodge Former Stable Block to Fenny Lodge	Late C18 house with early to mid C19 extension. 2 storeys rough cast with tiled mansard roof. Brick end stacks. 3 windows 1st floor 2 on ground floor and none to centre (probably blocked former entrance). Recessed glazing bar sashes, block sills. Lower 2 storey early to mid C19 extension to south with half hipped low slate roof and flat eaves - one window each floor 4 x 4 pane sashes - panelled door with marginal glazed rectangular fanlight, in slender engaged column doorcase with frieze and cornice. Linked by screen wall to south is former stable/coach house: painted and roughcast brick with header eaves and tiled roof set at right angles to road. 2 flush casements and	SP 88268 34507	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

National Heritage List for England (NHLE) Reference	Designation and Grade	Name	Description	National Grid Reference (NGR)	Location
			hatch over double doors. Hatch over gauge doors in gable end to road.		

Table 2: Part 2 CWAH 10-12 Gazetteer of Non-Designated Heritage Assets

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
CWAH 10 Cosgrove to Great Linford						
MNN115112	Former Buckingham Arm of the Grand Union Canal	Earthworks	Course of the infilled Buckingham Arm of the Grand Union Canal	Post-medieval	SP 77110 39851	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
MNN8803	Possible Romano-British Road Route (Viatores 171)	Railway	Roman road running from Water Stratford to Olney.	Roman	SP 77171 40111	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
MNN6857	Possible prehistoric/Roman settlement, north of the River Great Ouse	Cropmark	Cropmarks of a number of undated ditched enclosures and other features visible on aerial photographs. They include a circular enclosure, c30 m in diameter, part of a possible double-ditched circular enclosure and next to it a square enclosure. Part of a n	Prehistoric to Roman	SP 78978 41531	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MNN25944	Unstratified Prehistoric Flints	Findspot	Small number of unstratified prehistoric flints found	Prehistoric	SP 79070 41750	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
MNN25945	Medieval Manuring Scatter	Findspot	Field CG1 contained 3 medieval sherds and 1 unidentified sherd, and field CG2 contained 5 medieval sherds and 1 Roman sherd.	Medieval	SP 79070 41750	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
MNN7135	Cosgrove Hall Park	Park/garden	Parkland around Cosgrove Hall was created during the early 19th century. Ridge and furrow earthworks survive in pasture to the south of the hall.	Post-medieval	SP 79173 42211	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
MNN17300 1	Earthworks of medieval/post-medieval ridge and furrow, Cosgrove Hall Park	Ridge and Furrow	Lidar and aerial imagery indicate there are extensive low ridge and furrow earthworks to the south and east of the hall.	Medieval to Post-medieval	SP 79234 42166	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MNN20132	Unstratified Roman Hoard and undated burial	Findspot	An urn containing 60 Roman coins was found at Cosgrove Hall c.1800. A human skeleton had earlier been found nearby, and is assumed to be of the same date.	Roman	SP 79400 42100	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
MNN124533	Possible Enclosure, Undated (Morphed Aerial Archaeology Interpretation)	Cropmark	Crop/soilmark: Poor quality photography	Unknown	SP 79452 42009	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
MNN103623	Cosgrove Canal Wharf & Railway Tracks	Canal	Immediately north of Cosgrove Lock are the remains of a wharf which served gravel pits, now flooded, to the east of the canal. Embedded in the concrete are narrow gauge railway tracks.	Post-medieval	SP 79480 42300	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MNN103625	Cosgrove Canal Lock	Canal	Lock No. 21, with a fall of 1m. On the site of the top lock of the temporary flight of five which used to take the canal down to cross the River Ouse on the level before the present embankment and aqueduct was built in 1811.	Post-medieval	SP 79490 42270	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
MNN162232	Possible Post Medieval/Modern Building in Cosgrove Village	Building	Identified from 2012, South Northamptonshire Council Survey of Significant Historic Buildings	Post-medieval	SP 79494 42284	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
MNN124531	Undated Pits, Possible Quarries	Cropmark	Cropmarks of probable quarry pits identified on aerial photographs.	Unknown	SP 79521 42132	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
MNN124528	Possible Pits, Undated (Morphed Aerial Archaeology)	Cropmark	Crop/soilmark: Good quality photography	Unknown	SP 79557 41880	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
	y Interpretation)					
MNN20134	Unstratified Scatter of Prehistoric to Early Medieval Finds	Findspot	Fieldwalking undertaken in January 1992 by Northamptonshire Archaeology Unit (Contracts). A slight concentration of flints was recovered from the centre of the field. Worked flints totalled 234, including a barbed and tanged arrowhead and four scrapers. Pottery found comprised Iron Age, Romano-British (478 sherds), Early Medieval and medieval sherds.	Palaeolithic to Early Medieval	SP 79584 42042	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
MNN124530	Undated Ditch (Morphed Aerial Archaeology Interpretation)	Cropmark	Crop/soilmark: Good quality photography	Unknown	SP 79638 42030	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MNN2988	Cosgrove Lodge Park	Park/garden	Identified from Ordnance Survey 1950s Mapping Series	Modern	SP 79782 42281	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
MNN142497	Approximate Course of Original Canal Cut	Canal	Prior to the present embankment being built the canal followed a parallel line just to the west, with a flight of 4 or 5 locks. A plan from the British Waterways Museum confirms this arrangement. The change in alignment predates the unpublished OS mapping for this part of the county in c.1814.	Modern	SP 79832 41895	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
MNN169462	Broad Water	Other	Broad Water is one of the few likely ornamental features of the parkland marked on early OS mapping.	Modern	SP 79885 42012	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
MMK5962	Wolverton Temporary Canal	Canal	Temporary canal and locks were constructed to cross the Great Ouse valley whilst an aqueduct was constructed. It opened in September 1800 and finally closed in January 1811 because of the failure of the first aqueduct.	Post-medieval	SP 80046 41702	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK5968	Aqueduct cattle creep	Building	This is an access tunnel driven through the embankment of the viaduct are 77'0" long, 6'0" high and 3'4" wide in brick with an arched roof 9'9" below water level. There is an identical tunnel on the north side of the viaduct. The west entrance has a 1919 datestone above it.	Post-medieval	SP 80047 41779	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
MMK5963	Temporary lock 4 (bottom lock)	Canal	This was constructed with timber invert instead of brick in order to save costs.	Post-medieval	SP 80160 41610	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
MMK5965	Temporary lock 3	Canal	This was constructed with timber invert instead of brick in order to save costs.	Post-medieval	SP 80310 41539	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
MMK2066	Galleon Wharf (NW of)	Findspot	An 8th century bronze sceat with traces of silver wash was found along the south-west hedge boundary of the Grand Union Canal.	Early medieval	SP 80310 41530	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
MMK5966	Temporary lock 2	Canal	This was constructed with timber invert instead of brick in order to save costs.	Post-medieval	SP 80368 41509	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
						Indicative Work Area
MMK6083	Bridge 69 "Suicide Bridge"	Bridge	This bridge is known locally as the "Suicide Bridge".	Post-medieval	SP 80808 41321	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
MMK6175	Wolverton Works - Bridge 171E	Bridge	A steel all-girder railway bridge was built in 1865 to give rail access to 20 acres of land purchased by LNWR for the erection of new buildings necessitated by the change to railway carriage construction.	Post-medieval	SP 81841 41443	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
MMK8328	Wolverton Train Mural, Grand Union Canal	Other	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 82105 41126	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
MMK8344	Grand Union Canal Aquaduct,	Aqueduct	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 82856 41047	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
	V6 Grafton Street					
MMK5446	Newport Pagnell Canal Bridge 1	Non-extant Building	No details.	Post-medieval	SP 85461 42517	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Indicative Work Area
MNN14334 4	Possible Medieval & Post Medieval Quarrying Industry	Quarry	Former building stone quarries. In the early 18th century, they were already known as 'ancient'.	Medieval	SP 78201 42045	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN12452 5	Undated Circular Enclosure (Morphed Aerial Archaeology Interpretation)	Cropmark	Crop/soilmark: Good quality photography	Unknown	SP 78573 42135	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MNN6858	Possible Settlement, Undated	Cropmark	Cropmarks of two undated enclosures visible on aerial photographs.	Unknown	SP 78588 42127	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN124526	Undated Rectangular Enclosure (Morphed Aerial Archaeology Interpretation)	Cropmark	Crop/soilmark: Good quality photography	Unknown	SP 78604 42118	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK8335	Great Ouse Bridge, A5 Trunk Road, Stony Stratford	Bridge	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 78724 41282	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN160258	Ridge and furrow remains	Ridge and Furrow	Earthworks of medieval/post-medieval ridge and furrow cultivation identified.	Medieval to Post-medieval	SP 78783 42638	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MNN172605	Possible Early Medieval settlement, north of the A5	Settlement	Archaeological trial trench excavation identified Anglo-Early Medieval activity in two adjacent trenches comprising ditches and a small sunken-featured building. The extent of this activity is not known as the features were not identified by a preceding geophysics	Early Medieval	SP 78787 41441	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN124523	Possible Enclosure, Undated (Morphed Aerial Archaeology Interpretation)	Cropmark	Crop/soilmark: Good quality photography	Unknown	SP 78850 41658	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN124524	Undated Pits (Morphed Aerial Archaeology)	Cropmark	Crop/soilmark: Good quality photography	Unknown	SP 78857 41661	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
	Interpretation)					
MNN124522	Possible Undated Enclosure (Morphed Aerial Archaeology Interpretation)	Cropmark	Crop/soilmark: Good quality photography	Unknown	SP 78874 41672	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN132449	Open Fields Project: Areas of Survival of Ridge & Furrow	Ridge and Furrow	Earthworks of medieval/post-medieval ridge and furrow cultivation identified during the open fields project.	Medieval	SP 78909 42305	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN124519	Undated Circular Enclosure (Morphed Aerial	Cropmark	Crop/soilmark: Good quality photography. Identified during a magnetometry survey in 2017. Possibly a barrow or enclosure	Unknown	SP 78962 41501	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
	Archaeology Interpretation)					
MNN124521	Undated Pit (Morphed Aerial Archaeology Interpretation)	Cropmark	Crop/soilmark: Good quality photography	Unknown	SP 78971 41640	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN160257	The White House	Cropmark	This cottage, so called due to its whitewashed exterior, can be seen on maps from 1840 onwards. It has been considerably extended east and west and bears little resemblance to its original form. It is built of local limestone with a ceramic-tiled roof although it was almost certainly once thatched. It is of domestic vernacular scale and was once a typical family house of modest size.	Modern	SP 78975 42517	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MNN163622	Important wall in South Northants	Building	Identified by South Northamptonshire Council as being an important historic wall.	Modern	SP 78988 42334	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN163260	Garden building at The Lodge	Building	An 1843 map of Cosgrove shows the Lodge but not the garden building. The next available map, the 1884 OS map, shows the garden building, hence its construction is somewhere between these two dates. The building is of red brick, external white wash with timber trusses. It is rectangular and measures 5m in length by 3.5m in width, and approx. 3.7m tall. The south east elevation has two doorways and one window, the south west elevation has one doorway, and the northwest elevation has one doorway and one window. The building has a hip roof covered with Welsh blue slate, and a wooden beam frame running along the top of the brickwork.	Post-medieval to Modern	SP 78990 42279	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN124517	Possible Circular Enclosure,	Cropmark	Crop/soilmark: Good quality photography	Unknown	SP 78996 41417	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
	Undated (Morphed Aerial Archaeology Interpretation)					
MNN160256	Dower House outbuildings	Building	The range of outbuildings are seen on maps dating back to 1840. The stables still contain the principal features relating to the building's former use although it is now use for storage. Connecting to the stables is the former coach house. This has been fully fitted out as store rooms so no evidence of its former use could be seen. However it still retains its main double coach-house doors. The tack room is still fully boarded in the manner of such functional rooms, and the vestiges of a doorway can be seen in the end gable wall, indicating that the tack room was once linked with the now-lost middle building in the range.	Modern	SP 78997 42517	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MNN160255	Gardener's Cottage and detached WC	Building	There is little to date this estate-worker's cottage other than to note it is depicted on the 1840 Tithe Map. The cottage is principally of stone but for the gables destroyed by fire in 1986, subsequently re-made in contrasting brick.	Modern	SP 79004 42487	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN163623	Important wall in South Northants	Building	Identified by South Northamptonshire Council as being an important historic wall.	Modern	SP 79009 42401	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN163624	Important wall in South Northants	Building	Identified by South Northamptonshire Council as being an important historic wall.	Modern	SP 79019 42440	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN124518	Undated Square Enclosure (Morphed Aerial Archaeology)	Cropmark	Crop/soilmark: Good quality photography	Unknown	SP 79024 41434	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
	Interpretation)					
MNN124516	Possible Rectilinear Enclosure, Undated (Morphed Aerial Archaeology Interpretation)	Cropmark	Crop/soilmark: Good quality photography	Unknown	SP 79034 41376	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN163860	Important wall in South Northants	Building	Identified by South Northamptonshire Council as being an important historic wall.	Modern	SP 79038 42509	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN163625	Important wall in South Northants	Building	Identified by South Northamptonshire Council as being an important historic wall.	Modern	SP 79043 42452	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MNN124520	Possible Undated Trackway (Morphed Aerial Archaeology Interpretation)	Cropmark	Crop/soilmark: Good quality photography	Unknown	SP 79045 41494	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN161109	Medieval settlement, Stratford Road	Settlement	Trial trench evaluation and subsequent excavation identified an area of medieval settlement including evidence of former buildings, as well as a kiln/oven and boundary ditches.	Medieval	SP 79068 42538	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN160251	SS. Peter and Paul's churchyard	Other	Present boundary shown but may have changed over time	Medieval	SP 79094 42444	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN162230	Possible Post Medieval/Modern Building in	Building	Identified from 2012, South Northamptonshire Council Survey of Significant Historic Buildings	Post-medieval	SP 79098 42694	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
	Cosgrove Village					
MNN162228	Possible Post Medieval/Modern Building in Cosgrove Village	Building	Identified from 2012, South Northamptonshire Council Survey of Significant Historic Buildings	Post-medieval	SP 79162 42564	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN163626	Important wall in South Northants	Building	Identified by South Northamptonshire Council as being an important historic wall.	Modern	SP 79184 42571	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN162229	Possible Post Medieval/Modern Building in Cosgrove Village	Building	Identified from 2012, South Northamptonshire Council Survey of Significant Historic Buildings	Post-medieval	SP 79189 42553	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MNN16223 1	Possible Post Medieval/Modern Building in Cosgrove Village	Building	Identified from 2012, South Northamptonshire Council Survey of Significant Historic Buildings	Post-medieval	SP 79223 42724	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN3996	Cosgrove	Earthworks	Though the earthwork remains are slight they emphasise the relatively simple layout of the village before it was disrupted by the construction of the Grand Junction Canal in 1800.	Medieval	SP 79227 42534	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN16222 5	Possible Post Medieval/Modern Building in Cosgrove Village	Building	Identified from 2012, South Northamptonshire Council Survey of Significant Historic Buildings	Post-medieval	SP 79243 42552	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MNN116873	The Old Brewery	Building	Cosgrove 'New Brewery' opened in 1858 by Daniel Warren who had been brewing in the settlement since 1840s.	Post-medieval	SP 79275 42533	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN16222 7	Possible Post Medieval/Modern Building in Cosgrove Village	Building	Identified from 2012, South Northamptonshire Council Survey of Significant Historic Buildings	Post-medieval	SP 79328 42601	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN16222 6	Possible Post Medieval/Modern Building in Cosgrove Village	Building	Identified from 2012, South Northamptonshire Council Survey of Significant Historic Buildings	Post-medieval	SP 79341 42614	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN16222 4	Possible Post Medieval/Modern Building in	Building	Identified from 2012, South Northamptonshire Council Survey of Significant Historic Buildings	Post-medieval	SP 79368 42614	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
	Cosgrove Village					
MNN160264	Romano-British cistern	Earthworks	North west of the villa is a spring, once enclosed in a Roman masonry cistern. Green's excavations included the clearance of the cistern.	Roman	SP 79420 42160	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN124529	Possible Enclosure, Undated (Morphed Aerial Archaeology Interpretation)	Cropmark	Crop/soilmark: Good quality photography	Unknown	SP 79450 41974	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN162222	Possible Post Medieval/Modern Building in Cosgrove Village	Building	Identified from 2012, South Northamptonshire Council Survey of Significant Historic Buildings	Post-medieval	SP 79461 42621	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MNN162223	Possible Post Medieval/Modern Building in Cosgrove Village	Building	Identified from 2012, South Northamptonshire Council Survey of Significant Historic Buildings	Post-medieval	SP 79477 42629	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN136077	Romano-British Shrine & Temple, east of Cosgrove Villa	Other	A timber shrine was established at the same time as the villa in the mid-2nd century AD. In the late 2nd century a temple of Romano-British Celtic plan was constructed, after the villa buildings had been demolished. Around 280 AD there were alterations t	Roman	SP 79502 42083	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN7304	Park at Cosgrove Priory	Park/garden	Cosgrove Priory 1854"; view of house through parkland.	Post-medieval	SP 79517 43085	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN20142	Late Neolithic/Bronze Age post holes,	Earthworks	A few late Neolithic or Bronze Age flints and some pottery, perhaps sherds of a beaker, were discovered during the excavation of the	Neolithic	SP 79520 42030	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
	Cosgrove Villa		Roman buildings. Some of the finds may be associated with post holes and gullies.			
MNN124532	Romano-British Building (Morphed Aerial Archaeology Interpretation)	Cropmark	Crop/soilmark: Good quality photography SMR note 04/09/2012: find catalogue from 1969 excavation report not entered onto SMR	Roman	SP 79523 42035	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN20129	St Vincent's Well or Finches Well	Other	A former chalybeate spring restored for the use of the inhabitants of Cosgrove under the enclosure act.	Medieval	SP 79534 42635	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN124527	Possible WWII Anti Aircraft Battery	Military	Group of ring ditches seen on air photographs. They may represent the ploughed out remains of a World War II anti-aircraft battery.	Bronze Age or Modern	SP 79543 41906	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MNN162219	The Old School	Building	Identified from 2012, South Northamptonshire Council Survey of Significant Historic Buildings	Post-medieval	SP 79545 42704	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN162218	Possible Post Medieval/Modern Building in Cosgrove Village	Building	Identified from 2012, South Northamptonshire Council Survey of Significant Historic Buildings	Post-medieval	SP 79552 42742	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN140899	Cosgrove Lodge Hotel	Building	Cosgrove Lodge was built in the mid 19th century south-east of the Green, which had a small estate running south-east from the house to the Ouse, flanked by the canal embankment on the south and the Tove to the north.	Post-medieval	SP 79587 42535	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN162220	Possible Post Medieval/Modern Building in	Building	Identified from 2012, South Northamptonshire Council Survey of Significant Historic Buildings	Post-medieval	SP 79593 42771	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
	Cosgrove Village					
MNN162221	Possible Post Medieval/Modern Building in Cosgrove Village	Building	Identified from 2012, South Northamptonshire Council Survey of Significant Historic Buildings	Post-medieval	SP 79615 42663	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN20130	Earthworks of Former Settlement by The Green	Earthworks	Possible former house sites to the south-east of The Green and faint traces of a hollow-way. The former village layout was disrupted by the construction of the Grand Junction Canal in 1800.	Medieval	SP 79635 42811	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN20145	Possible Prehistoric/Romano-British Causeway, Cosgrove gravel pit	Earthworks	A stone causeway on a gravel and brushwood base was found pre 1958 at Cosgrove gravel pit. Found at 7ft depth beneath blue clay.	Prehistoric to Roman	SP 79800 42300	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK1779	Wolverton Mill	Cropmark	A circular cropmark was noted on aerial photographs, identified as a ring ditch.	Neolithic to Bronze Age	SP 79900 41400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1780	Wolverton Mill	Cropmark	A dark ring approximately 27m in diameter was noted on aerial photographs.	Neolithic to Bronze Age	SP 79900 41400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5967	1805 Aqueduct	Aqueduct	An aqueduct was proposed in 1799 to overcome the problems of flooding on the Great Ouse and eliminate eight locks. It was designed by Jessop in 1802 and built by a consortium comprising of Thomas Harrison of Wolverton, Major Mansel, Thomas & Joseph Kitchen of Castlethorpe and William Oliver of Stony Stratford. It comprised three semicircular arches running the full width of the embankment that were constructed on dry land. The river was diverted under them upon completion of the structure. Work started in August 1803 and was supervised by Henry Provis. In October 1804, the length of the arches was extended by 2'0" and the backwalls were increased from 3'0" to 5'0".	Post-medieval	SP 80052 41798	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
			The aqueduct was opened on 26 August 1805. A bank collapse at Cosgrove in January 1806 closed the aqueduct and on the 18th February 1808 the central 22 yards of two of the arches collapsed causing a massive breach in the canal but only minor local flooding. A site inspection on the 21/05/04 showed a probable pier on the river bed immediately to the north of the aqueduct.			
MNN2010	Possible Prehistoric Activity	Other	None provided	Prehistoric	SP 80100 42060	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK3465	Castlethorpe raised trackway	Road/Trackway	A raised trackway approximately 4-5m in width and consisting of loose stones on brushwood was exposed here by gravel quarrying in the late 1950's.	Bronze Age	SP 80130 42220	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2005	Wolverton Mill Centre	Earthworks	A subrectangular cut feature, with the north, south and west sides steeply sloping and the east side shallower. The feature contained 77 Saxon sherds and an animal tooth pendant. It may be a sunken featured building.	Early medieval	SP 80280 40930	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK6081	Kiln Close buildings	Non-extant Building	An 'L' shaped building was shown on the 1815 2" to one mile map and the 1881 Ordnance Survey map.	Post-medieval	SP 80283 41144	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2010	Wlverintone (Wolverton)	Other	Manor of 20 hides held by three thegns: Godvin (10 hides), Tori (7. 5 hides), Alvrice (2. 5 hides) T. R. E (worth 20 pounds), as listed in Domesday. This is likely to also be the site of a medieval castle and baronry.	Early medieval	SP 80300 41300	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6080	Kiln Close Thatched cottages	Non-extant Building	A pair of one-and-a-half-storey houses with combed wheat roof and brick chimney stacks now demolished. There was an attached store with a thatched roof at west end.	Post-medieval	SP 80304 41167	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2504	Wolverton Manor House	Non-extant Building	A capital messuage with court and garden existed here in 1248. It was mentioned in documents from the 14th century and said to have two ruinous dovehouses attached to it. Leland (c.1540) stated that the Longville family lived here. It was pulled down in 1725, not before the front elevation was drawn in 1724 by John Forfeit. The drawing suggests it was 'E' shaped before the final phase.	Medieval to post-medieval	SP 80350 41400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK2505	Wolverton	Non-extant Building	One dovecote was mentioned at Wolverton c.1240 and there were two by 1248. There were ruinous dovehouses attached to the manor in 1349 and near the manor house, now a farmhouse, is a field called the grange, in which are the remains of an old dovecote	Medieval	SP 80350 41400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK7876	Wolverton (E of Church)	Building	When the manor house was pulled down in 1725, the vicarage house was partly built of its materials and as such preserves two early-17th century doorways.	Post-medieval	SP 80350 41400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5964	Temporary lock 1 (Top lock)	Canal	This was constructed with timber invert instead of brick in order to save costs. The timber invert of the lock was found in 1947 when piles were being driven in for a wharf.	Post-medieval	SP 80426 41466	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5479	Wolverton	Other	The name 'Wolverton' derives from 'Wulfhere, ingtun' meaning 'Wulfhere's village'. It was first used in 1086.	Early medieval	SP 80445 41200	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1055	Wolverton Parish	Other	Now part of Milton Keynes new city (except Calverton). Parish surveys of Calverton, S. Stratford and Wolverton were completed.	Early medieval	SP 80446 41221	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK7409	Site of building	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 2" = 1 miles Ordnance Survey sheet of c.1815.	Post-medieval	SP 80620 41300	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK7408	Site of building	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 2" = 1 miles Ordnance Survey sheet of c.1815.	Post-medieval	SP 80629 41478	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK7407	Site of building	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 2" = 1 miles Ordnance Survey sheet of c.1815.	Post-medieval	SP 80665 41416	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK7404	Site of building	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 2" = 1 miles Ordnance Survey sheet of c.1815.	Post-medieval	SP 80687 41910	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK7405	Site of building	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 2" = 1 miles Ordnance Survey sheet of c.1815.	Post-medieval	SP 80751 41563	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1897	Manor Cottages Roman site	Earthworks	A small service trench uncovered the remains of a stone wall, Roman pottery and the fragment of a flue tile.	Roman	SP 80760 41480	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1898	Manor Cottages	Earthworks	A well-founded stone wall was revealed by machine trench. At either end of the length of wall were ditches/pit cut by the trench. Much	Roman	SP 80760 41480	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
			Roman pottery and a fragment of flue tile were found in the spoil from the trench.			
MMK7406	Site of building	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 2" = 1 miles Ordnance Survey sheet of c.1815.	Post-medieval	SP 80762 41518	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK7925	Manor Farm-proposed access route	Earthworks	A few isolated pits and a single ditch were revealed.	Undated	SP 80824 41738	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6122	Wolverton Works (building 01) timber gantry	Non-extant Building	This received mainly log timber and tree trunks , stored in the open until required.	Modern	SP 80960 41237	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6123	Wolverton Works (building 03) Paint shop	Non-extant Building	The paint shop was built in 1902.	Modern	SP 80970 41196	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK1992	McCorquodale's, Wolverton	Funerary	Four male burials were uncovered 4 yards apart orientated east-west. There were no other finds.	Early medieval	SP 81020 41020	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6142	Wolverton Works - Asbestos Shed	Non-extant Building	A building marked on a 20th century plan of the works as as 'asbestos shed'.	Modern	SP 81082 41265	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6121	Wolverton Works (building 02) timber hoist and deal shop (2)	Non-extant Building	A large shed with a corrugated roof open at the sides and spanned by an overhead crane. Mainly used for planks in the rough.	Post-medieval to modern	SP 81084 41305	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6124	Wolverton Works workmens closets	Non-extant Building	This building was shown on the c.1906 plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval to modern	SP 81134 41159	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6096	Wolverton Works (building	Non-extant Building	This brick built timber store was for panels and delicate woods used in railway carriage construction.	Post-medieval	SP 81187 41285	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
	04) timber store					
MMK6125	Wolverton Works (building 05) lifting shop	Non-extant Building	The lifting shop was built in 1900 and remained open until 1996.	Modern	SP 81218 41239	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6120	Wolverton Works (building 54) hair carding shop	Non-extant Building	This building was shown on the c.1906 plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval to modern	SP 81231 41366	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6099	Shrub field farmstead ? Unidentified building	Non-extant Building	The building was shown on the 1897 L&NWR plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval	SP 81248 41132	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6098	Shrub field farmstead ? unidentified building	Non-extant Building	The building was shown on the 1897 L&NWR plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval	SP 81250 41158	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK6146	Shrub Field farmstead?	Non-extant Building	An 1898 map shows a group of buildings surrounding a courtyard which has the appearance of a farmstead.	Post-medieval	SP 81253 41147	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6100	Wolverton Works (building 07) wheel and axle shop	Non-extant Building	A brick built railway shed constructed as a wheel and axle shop.	Post-medieval	SP 81281 41177	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6143	Wolverton works - flammable store	Non-extant Building	No details.	Post-medieval	SP 81282 41357	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6097	Wolverton Works spare carriage shed	Non-extant Building	The building was shown on the 1897 L&NWR plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval	SP 81293 41258	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6126	Wolverton Works tyre shed	Non-extant Building	This building was shown on the c.1906 plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval to modern	SP 81296 41142	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK6140	Wolverton Works Buildings Traverser between buildings 6 and 7	Non-extant Building	No details.	Modern	SP 81317 41185	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6144	Wolverton Works - Oil and grease store	Non-extant Building	No details.	Post-medieval	SP 81324 41342	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5956	Barbers Electric Cinema, 63 Stratford Road	Building	This was the third cinema to be opened in Buckinghamshire.	Post-medieval	SP 81331 41113	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6095	Wolverton Works (building 08) timber drying shed	Non-extant Building	This large timber drying shed was used for timber in carriage construction.	Post-medieval	SP 81385 41334	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK6101	Wolverton Works (building 06) carriage repairs	Non-extant Building	A body repair shop completed in 1898.	Post-medieval	SP 81386 41198	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6127	Wolverton Works omnibus shed	Non-extant Building	This building was shown on the c.1906 plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval to modern	SP 81433 41164	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6141	Wolverton Works sheds 6 and 10 traverser	Non-extant Building	No details.	Modern	SP 81454 41220	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6119	Wolverton Works (building 09) Power Station	Non-extant Building	In 1900 the power house was built and became operational in September 1901. This was the first railway works in the UK to be completely powered by electricity. It drew water from the canal.	Modern	SP 81465 41300	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK5403	Drum and Monkey. Wolverton	Building	Off-licence premises situated on the service road between Stratford Road and Church Street. It ceased trading on September 30th 1971 and was reputed to have been licensed prior to 1860.	Post-medieval	SP 81497 41115	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6191	Emanuel Chapel Schoolroom	Building	A school room was erected to the rear of 106 and 108 Church Street shortly after 1922.	Modern	SP 81500 41101	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6094	Wolverton Works timber shed	Non-extant Building	The building was shown on the 1897 L&NWR plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval	SP 81504 41314	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6102	Wolverton Works (building 10 and 11) carriage and repairing shop	Non-extant Building	Horsebox shop (Building 10) was used for repairs to horseboxes, carriage trucks, parcel vans, milk vans and motor car trucks which were incidentals to the coaching traffic. The parcel cart and omnibus shop (Building 11) was used for the construction and repairs of all road vehicles used by superintendents from 1882 to 1923.	Post-medieval	SP 81514 41223	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK6118	Wolverton Works (building 14 -part) saw mill	Non-extant Building	A saw mill for the carriage works was erected in 1865.	Post-medieval	SP 81555 41327	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK7688	29 Wolverton Road	Building	A terraced building was converted into a branch of Barclays Bank to the designs of Alfred Foster of Barclays Bank Ltd., dated 20th April 1925 and passed by Wolverton UDC on 9 June 1925.	Post-medieval	SP 81581 41157	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6093	Wolverton Works (building 14 - part) saw mill	Building	The sawmill was completed on 20 June 1865 as part of the Locomotive works. All the 80 machinery in the saw mill were driven by electric motors in the basement and a system of conveyors carried saw dust and shavings to the boilers outside the carpenter's shop. One crane was used outside the mill and one inside. Between the building and the canal was a railway track for conveying timber. The adjacent timber yard had an overhead crane gantry. In 1965-6 the carpenter's shop and the sawmill were joined together using the site of	Post-medieval	SP 81612 41349	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
			40 boilers. The 1988 150th anniversary souvenir brochure shows the building as the timber production area.			
MMK6103	Wolverton Works carriage body shop	Non-extant Building	The building was shown on the 1897 L&NWR plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval	SP 81618 41275	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5870	St Francis De Sales Church pillbox	Military	One of two pillbox structures situated on the northern wall of the garden. This one is situated in the north-west corner. The structure has a concrete roof.	Modern	SP 81625 41178	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6092	Wolverton Works unidentified building	Non-extant Building	The building was shown on the 1897 L&NWR plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval	SP 81630 41327	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6104	Wolverton Works (building 12) carriage trunk	Non-extant Building	The building was shown on the 1897 L&NWR plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval	SP 81630 41216	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
	repaing shop					
MMK5869	St Francis De Sales Church pillbox	Military	One of two pillbox structures situated on the northern wall of the garden. This one is situated in the north-east corner which has four firing holes in the rounded corner at the junction of Radcliffe Street and Stratford Road. The structure has a concrete roof.	Modern	SP 81640 41182	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK8182	The Agora, Church Street, Wolverton	Non-extant Building	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 81674 41059	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6138	Wolverton Works (building 15) Carpenters Shop	Non-extant Building	The carpenters shop was built in 1860. It has cellars similar to the smithy and between 1965–6, the carpenter's shop and the sawmill were joined together using the site of 40 boilers.	Post-medieval	SP 81680 41376	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6105	Wolverton Works baths	Building	The building was shown on the 1897 L&NWR plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval	SP 81681 41212	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK7689	Victoria Hotel, Church Street	Building	This is a large late-19th century hotel of three-storeys with a large rear yard. In 1925 it had 14 bedrooms, two bars, commercial room, smoke room, Billiard room, sitting room and large lodge room.	Post-medieval	SP 81681 41131	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6091	Wolverton Works unidentified building	Non-extant Building	The building was shown on the 1897 L&NWR plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval	SP 81701 41345	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6106	Wolverton Works (building 20) finishing shop	Non-extant Building	This was used for all new work with machinery for dealing with all interior and decorative woodwork. About 300 men and apprentices were employed on new work and 180 on repairs.	Post-medieval	SP 81704 41234	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK7686	15-17 Radcliffe Street	Building	A pair of late-19th century semi-detached houses were converted into a Bank c.1923.	Post-medieval	SP 81708 40968	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6090	Wolverton Works (building	Non-extant Building	A large brick building was present adjacent to the canal. It was originally built as part of the locomotive works and there is evidence for forges along the south wall.	Post-medieval	SP 81711 41382	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
	19) Smiths Shop					
MMK6107	Wolverton Works (building 16, 17, 18 and 24) paint shop	Non-extant Building	The underframe shops (building 16) were built c.1864 and the boiler shop (shop 16) was converted into a carriage lifting shop. In 1899 this shop was renamed the Frame Shop and was used for the building of new steel underframes and bogies. The underframe shop (building 17) were built c.1864, with the erecting shop altered into a part paint and part finishing shop. The electrical shop (building 18) was where train lighting dynamos were made and repaired. It was laid out for the manufacture of the Wolverton system of train lighting which was to be fitted to all LNWR stock. The polishing shop (Building 23) was erected c.1885 at the side of shop 17.	Post-medieval	SP 81715 41307	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6108	Wolverton Works (building 21) time office	Non-extant Building	All time keeping was completed in this office, which, together with smaller pay offices at the east and west end of the works, could hand 4,500 men their wages in less than 10 minutes.	Modern	SP 81743 41231	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK5959	Empire Cinema, Church Street	Non-extant Building	The Empire cinema was converted from or built on the site a dance hall in 1926. In 1932, plans were submitted to reconstruct parts of the structure which included new stancheons. This shows that the cinema had rear projection and talking equipment. The Empire Closed in 1969 and for some years was used as a soting centre. The use in 2003 was as an Asian Centre and Mosque.	Modern	SP 81747 41145	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5960	'The Royal Engineer' public house	Non-extant Building	The Royal Engineer was constructed in 1841. The yard was used by a 'Transport Club' which allowed workers from villages to share journeys and costs as a place to stable horses and carts during the day.	Post-medieval	SP 81747 41145	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6109	Wolverton Works (building 22) dining hall	Non-extant Building	The dining hall was originally built in 1871 and enlarged in 1880.	Post-medieval	SP 81773 41247	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK6110	Wolverton Works (building 25 and 26) Bogie shop and general stores	Non-extant Building	The bogie shop (building 25) was built in 1890 after the remaining houses in Gas 7 bury Street were demolished. It oined up with the 1881 addition to the fitting shop. The general stores (building 26) was formed of a narrow bay between the fitting and machine shops which were both enlarged.	Post-medieval	SP 81791 41301	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6089	Wolverton Works (building 29) forge	Non-extant Building	A brick smithy for railway work was built in 1860. The west wall survives as the end wall of the Smith's shop, but the remainder of the building was demolished around 1990.	Post-medieval	SP 81801 41397	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6178	Wolverton Works (Building 27) Fitting Shop	Non-extant Building	No details.	Post-medieval	SP 81814 41325	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6176	Wolverton Works (Building 28) Wheel	Non-extant Building	No details.	Post-medieval	SP 81816 41370	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
	turning shop					
MMK6137	Wolverton Works (building 33) Engine Shed	Non-extant Building	No details.	Post-medieval	SP 81819 41579	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6088	Wolverton Works (building 30) brass foundry	Non-extant Building	A brass foundry of railway works was constructed in 1885 and demolished around 1990.	Post-medieval	SP 81821 41425	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK4739	Garden Pavilion, Cedar Lodge	Non-extant Building	A demolished hexagonal garden pavilion which incorporated fragments of 16th-17th century masonry.	Post-medieval	SP 81825 41030	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6117	Wolverton Works (building 38) tool room	Non-extant Building	The tool room was erected c.1894 on the site of Gas Street.	Post-medieval	SP 81829 41264	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK6113	Wolverton Works unidentified building	Non-extant Building	The building was shown on the 1897 L&NWR plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval	SP 81836 41396	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5941	Wolverton Works (building 32) Tin shop	Non-extant Building	No details.	Post-medieval	SP 81837 41598	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6116	Wolverton Works (building 39) Testing Room	Non-extant Building	This was a testing room for materials used for building railway coaches. It was built around 1894.	Post-medieval	SP 81838 41268	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6182	Wolverton Works well	Non-extant Building	The fixed pumping engine house is also in the right (north) wing, occupying the central portion thereof, and measuring 26 feet 3 inches by 19 feet 6 inches. There are two engines each having a 14-inch cylinder and 4-feet stroke. The water is pumped from a well in the centre of the engine-house; this well is of elliptical form, the transverse and conjugate	Post-medieval	SP 81839 41380	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
			diameters of which are respectively 11 feet 6 inches and 8 feet 2 inches. At the bottom of the well are two tunnels, running north and south, each extending 33 feet from the well. These tunnels are 8 feet wide, 8 feet 6 inches in extreme height, and 6 feet to springing of segmental arch; the brickwork is 13.5 inches in thickness. The two pumps are each of 7 inches diameter. There are two tanks to receive the water from the well: the one above the engine-house having a capacity of 2590 cubic feet, or 15,540 gallons; and the other 3850 cubic feet, or 23,100 gallons. This latter tank is over the gateway.			
MMK6111	Wolverton Works unidentified building	Non-extant Building	The building was shown on the 1897 L&NWR plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval	SP 81850 41276	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5957	Wolverton Works (building 27, 28, 35,	Non-extant Building	The original locomotive workshop of the London and Birmingham railway was erected in 1838. It was 314ft square and constructed of brick with classical detailing. It was	Post-medieval	SP 81851 41335	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
	36, and 37) Locomotive Engine Depot		demolished around 1990 to make way for a supermarket.			
MMK6136	Wolverton Works (building 52) Gas works	Non-extant Building	This building was shown on the c.1906 plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval to modern	SP 81853 41687	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6114	Wolverton Works unidentified building	Non-extant Building	The building was shown on the 1897 L&NWR plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval	SP 81853 41400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6145	Wolverton Works - effluent plant	Non-extant Building	The effluent plant was located south of the canal between the two railway bridges on the north side of the site. Archaeological investigations in 2006 located a brick structure 8m long and of single brick construction.	Post-medieval	SP 81860 41422	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5906	Wolverton station platform	Non-extant Building	No details.	Post-medieval	SP 81862 41474	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK6087	Wolverton Works (building 31) Foundry	Non-extant Building	An iron foundry was constructed from 1880-1881 using coke fired furnaces.	Post-medieval	SP 81866 41414	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5902	Wolverton Station (first)	Non-extant Building	The first station was built on an embankment north of the canal and was approached by an inclined access road from the Old Wolverton Road.	Post-medieval	SP 81867 41505	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6179	Wolverton Works (Building 36) Brass finishing shop	Non-extant Building	No details.	Post-medieval	SP 81868 41273	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5904	Wolverton station waiting shed	Non-extant Building	No details.	Post-medieval	SP 81869 41495	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6177	Wolverton Works (building	Non-extant Building	No details.	Post-medieval	SP 81873 41386	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
	35) Gas fitter shop					
MMK5905	Wolverton station refreshment shed	Non-extant Building	No details.	Post-medieval	SP 81874 41485	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5865	Wolverton Railway and Carriage Works	Non-extant Building	Railway works constructed by the London and Birmingham Railway in 1840 and converted to carriage works in the 1860's. The layout and buildings have been constantly modified. It reached its maximum size by WWI.	Post-medieval	SP 81874 41343	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6187	Wolverton Works Pumping Engine	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 1840 plan of Wolverton Works as a pump house adjacent to railway line, approximately 33' by 18' with the canal on the north side and Garnet Street on the west.	Post-medieval	SP 81876 41431	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5951	Wolverton Cycle Track (The Velodrome)	Other	The cycle track was improved by the construction of banked ends to create a velodrome by Wolverton Athletic Club in Wolverton Park between 1885 and 1907. A photograph from 1907 shows the velodrome	Post-medieval	SP 81877 41631	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
			bank with railing. The velodrome stopped being used about 1950.			
MMK5958	London and Birmingham / LNWR Railway Housing Estate	Non-extant Building	It was a little red-brick town composed of 242 little red brick houses. Six red houses were for officers.	Post-medieval	SP 81877 41217	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5950	Wolverton Park grandstand	Non-extant Building	A timber grandstand was built in 1899 by Wolverton Amateur Athletic Club for use with the race track and athletics.	Post-medieval	SP 81880 41528	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5903	Revetment wall of the approach road to Wolverton Station	Non-extant Building	A revetment wall to a private road leading to the first rialway station which crossed the canal adjacent to the railway bridge and gave access to the carriage landing stage north of the wharf.	Post-medieval	SP 81881 41509	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6188	Wolverton Works Carriage shed	Non-extant Building	A carriage shed was erected in 1869 to replace the Euston Carriage Shed. This was demolished in 1889 when a lifting shop was constructed,	Post-medieval	SP 81884 41466	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK6112	Wolverton Works (building 40) general office	Non-extant Building	The general office of Wolverton Works was erected in 1897 and demolished as part of the Tesco development.	Post-medieval	SP 81886 41290	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6131	Wolverton Works (building 41) laundry	Non-extant Building	This building was shown on the c.1906 plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval to modern	SP 81905 41248	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5954	Radcliffe Arms Public House ('Hell's Kitchen')	Non-extant Building	The inn was constructed in association with the first station in Wolverton. It was demolished around 1895 when Wolverton Park was created.	Post-medieval	SP 81907 41491	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5945	1845 building north of Engine House	Non-extant Building	This building was identified on a plan redrawn by Bill West.	Post-medieval	SP 81915 41400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK6183	Wolverton Works Carriage landing	Non-extant Building	A carriage wharf that was constructed before 1840 and had been demolished by 1845. It contained two docks 9'2" wide and was used to transfer vehicles onto railway wagons.	Post-medieval	SP 81917 41373	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5949	Wolverton Park	Park/garden	An 1839 description states "on the eastern side of the railway, opposite the engine station, is a space of several acres appropriated to the reception of goods and cattle". The Sports Ground was constructed by the London and North Western Railway Company and officially opened on the 3rd August 1885. Initially it comprised an athletic ground and bandstand.	Post-medieval	SP 81918 41558	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6132	Wolverton Works (building 42) accumulator shed	Non-extant Building	The LNWR manufactured its own accumulators for carriage lighting here.	Modern	SP 81927 41245	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5942	Wharf building	Non-extant Building	A former two-storey canal wharf building that was demolished for the construction of the	Post-medieval	SP 81939 41406	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
			'Triangular Building'. It was linked by track from the railway.			
MMK5948	Drivers Room	Non-extant Building	The Drivers Room was shown on a map of 1850 but was later incorporated into the workshop.	Post-medieval	SP 81940 41310	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5946	1850 canalside extension	Canal	This building was erected in 1859 and forms part of the 'Triangular building'. A photograph of Wolverton Park in 1885 shows the wall adjacent to the canal demolished, a temporary protection in place and the steelwork exposed.	Post-medieval	SP 81943 41400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6139	Wolverton Works Tunnel link	Non-extant Building	No details.	Post-medieval	SP 81947 41302	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5943	1845 Locomotive Shop/ Engine House	Non-extant Building	This building was identified on a plan redrawn by Bill West.	Post-medieval	SP 81950 41356	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1147	Old Grammar	Earthworks	A ring ditch is visible as a dark circle in aerial photographs of a grass playing pitch. A section was excavated which located the lower part of	Bronze Age to Iron Age	SP 81950 40840	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
	School 'A' Pitch		the ditch, the top having been removed when the school was built. The fill contained Iron Age sherds and bone.			
MMK1148	Bushfield Middle School	Earthworks	A dark ring approximately 20 m in diameter with a central pit were noted on aerial photographs of a playing field at Bushfield County Middle School.	Bronze Age to Iron Age	SP 81950 40840	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1345	Old Grammar School 'A' Pitch	Earthworks	A ditch is visible as a dark circle on a grass playing pitch. The section was excavated and it located the lower part of ditch, the top having been removed when the school was built. The ring ditch was recut in Iron Age.	Bronze Age to Iron Age	SP 81950 40840	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6135	Wolverton Works (building 51) Electricity shop	Non-extant Building	This building was shown on the c.1906 plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval to modern	SP 81953 41150	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5876	Goods Yard retaining wall	Building	A revetment wall exists on parts of south and east side of Goods yard. It was built with large rectangular granite blocks.	Post-medieval	SP 81957 41016	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK6134	Wolverton Works (building 43) accumulator shed	Non-extant Building	This building was shown on the c.1906 plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval to modern	SP 81961 41153	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6128	Wolverton Works (building 45 and 47) paint shop and trimming shop (Triangular Building)	Non-extant Building	This building was shown on the c.1906 plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval to modern	SP 81963 41367	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5952	Bandstand	Non-extant Building	A small circular bandstand was built for the opening of Wolverton Park in 1885.	Post-medieval	SP 81966 41482	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK5875	Young Street Goods Yard	Other	A yard located south of 2nd Station off Young Street. It contained two sheds.	Post-medieval	SP 81967 41041	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5874	Young Street Goods Shed	Non-extant Building	A rectangular building with an access line to the side and also a line within the shed.	Post-medieval	SP 81970 41031	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5877	Young Street Goods Yard Service Line	Other	A map shows service a line between the revetment wall and goods shed.	Post-medieval	SP 81973 41023	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6133	Wolverton Works (building 44) washing shed	Non-extant Building	This building was shown on the c.1906 plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval to modern	SP 81974 41155	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6115	Wolverton Works paint shop	Non-extant Building	The building was shown on the 1897 L&NWR plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval	SP 81988 41256	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK5947	1845 Smiths shop	Non-extant Building	An early Smith's shop formerly within the the site of the 'Triangular Building'. It is doubtful whether anything of this structure has survived later alterations.	Post-medieval	SP 81997 41379	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5953	Wolverton Park Bowling green	Other	The bowls club was established at Wolverton park in 1889. The original club house is believed to have been a railway carriage.	Post-medieval	SP 82012 41453	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5731	Bushfield Middle School Playing Field	Other	A stone boundary marker is located on a bank close to the playing field perimeter fencing. It contains the inscription 'W St G, 1874, No.3'. The stone relates to an extension of the parish in 1867.	Post-medieval	SP 82012 40889	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6129	Wolverton Works (building 49) Paint shop	Non-extant Building	This building was shown on the c.1906 plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval to modern	SP 82028 41124	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6130	Wolverton Works (building	Non-extant Building	This building was shown on the c.1906 plan of Wolverton.	Post-medieval to modern	SP 82076 40997	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
	50) Carriage finishing shed					
MMK5955	Building	Non-extant Building	This building is shown on the c.1844 map of the Radcliffe Estate to the south of the Radcliffe Arms. Bill West's redrawing of early maps shows this building as being the 'Radcliffe Arms'. This may be a mistake or it may have been a separate building of the public house. It would have been demolished for the construction of the loop line and new station c.1880.	Post-medieval	SP 82088 41384	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK6079	Railway Bridge 175	Bridge	The first bridge was a 12'0" wide accommodation bridge no.71 on the Grand Junction Canal constructed c.1800. A new road 'Stratford Road' was probably built between Park Farm and Stonebridge Farm in the 1830's when the station was constructed. The new road made use of the accommodation bridge and had a 17'0" wide road bridge over the new railway line. The	Post-medieval	SP 82094 41381	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
			railway 'loop' line and third station was constructed to the east in the 1880's and a new road and canal bridge were constructed (no. 175) which replaced the earlier canal bridge. This new bridge necessitated the construction of a ramp in order to gain sufficed height for the new railway bridge. The road adjacent to the triangular building was raised by at least 7'0". Bridge 175 was widened to the north c.1891 for the construction of a footpath and to the south c.1960.			
MMK1578	Wolverton Station / Stonebridge farm	Earthworks	Features were seen during stripping for the H6 Road, but no layout to the site was identified. However, topography and quantity of coins found suggests a Roman site.	Roman	SP 82200 41430	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1882	Bancroft Middle Iron Age Settlement	Settlement	A minimum of 15 circular Iron Age buildings were noted at this site (not including recuts) aligned in a broad linear pattern. It seems most of the buildings were not contemporary, but may have been paired. This site may represent rebuilding and resiting of houses of	Iron Age	SP 82457 40638	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
			a relatively small community spanning the whole of the Iron Age period.			
MMK8373	Gospel Hall / Mission Room, Caledonian Road, New Bradwell	Building	A disused hall of "Tin Tabernacle" construction with a brick rear outshot. It was first depicted on the Ordnance Survey 25in Second edition of 1900 labelled as "Miss. Room". It is noted in the Victoria County Records (1927), under "New Bradwell possesses also a Gospel hall in Caledonian Road".	Post-medieval	SP 82458 41344	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1883	Bancroft Bronze Age Round House	Earthworks	A Late Bronze Age structure consisting of an outer semicircular drainage gulley. There are three concentric inner post rings and the entrance is approximately 2m wide on the east side.	Bronze Age	SP 82474 40590	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1877	Bancroft Mausoleum	Earthworks	A small circular building of pitched stone was identified 30 m north-west of the mausoleum. No contemporary floor levels survived, but a shallow pit in the centre held the burial of a young pig and group of mid-late 4th century coins. Eight small "votive" iron spearheads were found on the field surface.	Roman	SP 82487 40575	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK1880	Bancroft Mausoleum	Earthworks	A ditch, 800 mm deep, 1m wide, ran roughly parallel with a later ditch at this location. In the lower / middle fill, there was a lot of Belgic pottery. There was a horizon of deliberate disposal of broken vessels, several nearly complete.	Iron Age	SP 82504 40615	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1874	Bancroft Mausoleum	Other	Eight human burials (four adults and four children) were found buried in a north-south line between the shrine and mausoleum. All skeletons were orientated east-west. There were no grave goods. The three males were aged 30-50, the pregnant female aged 18-24, and the four children were all under four years old. The burials are thought to have been in wooden coffins	Roman to early medieval	SP 82505 40564	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1875	Bancroft Mausoleum	Earthworks	A post-Roman large boundary ditch was found running north-south between the shrine and mausoleum. It had been recut twice and contained two large fragments of moulded and turned stone, possibly from the mausoleum. It was dated between the 5th and 6th centuries.	Early medieval	SP 82506 40549	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK1879	Bancroft Mausoleum	Funerary	A small cremation cemetery, with remains mainly dated to the 1st century, was noted 30 m south-west of the later mausoleum. It contained 17 cremations and 45 ceramic pots, although only eight cremations had grave goods. Most of the pottery was of distinctive late Belgic forms, though two cremations had Roman types. Twelve cremations contained animal bones.	Iron Age to Roman	SP 82517 40539	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1876	Bancroft Mausoleum	Funerary	The mausoleum had a small portico on the east side and an enclosed central tower on a 6m square raised above the burial vault. It had a possible robbed stylobate along the outer lines of the south and west walls. The vault contained well preserved opus signinum floor. Traces of two lead/stone sarcophaghi was still visible on the floor.	Roman	SP 82523 40574	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1872	Bancroft Mausoleum	Funerary	This is the site of a 4th century shrine and mausoleum, and a 5th century inhumation cemetery,	Roman to early medieval	SP 82523 40573	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK1878	Bancroft Mausoleum	Earthworks	A 1st to 2nd century enclosure was noted here.	Roman	SP 82524 40581	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1881	Bancroft Mausoleum	Funerary	Two large irregular shaped pits were noted to the east and south-east of an Iron Age enclosure. They had been filled with very dark soil containing much Belgic domestic refuse and were cut into good quality clay. Most likely they were clay pits for pottery manufacture or wall lining material.	Iron Age	SP 82555 40572	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK8256	Mausoleum , 1 Culbertson Lane, Blue Bridge	Funerary	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 82557 40588	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1873	Bancroft Grubenhau s	Earthworks	A small early Saxon sunken-featured building was located here. There was no trace of gable postholes or evidence for surrounding timber structures.	Early medieval	SP 82561 40547	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK1828	Wolverton (Line of H2 Road)	Earthworks	A ditch measuring 60 m in length was found running east-west. It contained pottery from the late 1st to early 2nd centuries.	Roman	SP 82630 40580	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1529	Bancroft Villa Field	Cropmarks	Cropmark show a ring ditch approximately 15m diameter with a possible inner ditch.	Roman	SP 82714 40514	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5765	New Bradwell parish	Other	No details.	Undated	SP 82767 41497	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1817	Bancroft (South edge H2 Grid Road)	Earthworks	A waterlogged marsh deposit contained Roman sherds, bone and the sole of a shoe. The volume of finds may indicate refuse disposal from the Bancroft villa site.	Roman	SP 82780 40580	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1818	Bancroft (South edge H2 Grid Road)	Earthworks	Analysis of environmental evidence (molluscs and soil) shows that from early Roman period this area had been an uncultivated marsh deposit forming in hollow alluvial subsoil. The marsh has fluctuated in dampness, but there seems to have been no major period of standing water.	Roman	SP 82780 40580	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK1820	Bancroft (South edge H2 Grid Road)	Earthworks	Layers 1-4 were entirely aceramic and found to be of post-Roman date.	Medieval	SP 82780 40580	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1821	Bancroft (South edge H2 Grid Road)	Earthworks	A series of limestone rubble drains lined with brushwood were cut into layer 4, but it could not be determined from which level they had been dug. It was likely a medieval or post-medieval attempt to drain this marshy area.	Medieval to post-medieval	SP 82780 40580	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1822	Bancroft (South edge H2 Grid Road)	Earthworks	Just above the junction between layers 4 and 5, handmade Saxon pottery was found.	Early medieval	SP 82780 40580	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1823	Bancroft (South edge H2 Grid Road)	Earthworks	Layer 5 contained relatively high proportion of limestone fragments, charcoal flecks, fragments of wood and other plant debris, as well as the fragment of a shoe. Layer 5a contained the bulk of Roman finds, stratified within the layer. Pottery was dated between the 2nd and 4th centuries.	Roman	SP 82780 40580	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK1824	Bancroft (South edge H2 Grid Road)	Earthworks	Layer 6 contained a few fragments of limestone and no dateable finds or pottery. The layer formed in a relatively short period of time, probably the 2nd century. Layer 7 was a narrow lens of dark greyish brown coarse sandy loam.	Roman	SP 82780 40580	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1825	Bancroft (South edge H2 Grid Road)	Earthworks	Layer 8, the lowest recorded layer, was composed of a very dark brown organic silt loam containing pottery of mainly a 1st century date and to a lesser extent 2nd century.	Roman	SP 82780 40580	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK8343	Spencer Street Refurbishment, Spencer Street, New Bradwell	Other	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 82913 41324	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK3040	Bradwell	Post-medieval	The 1881 Ordnance Survey map records an 'old lime kiln' at this location.	Post-medieval	SP 83000 40800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK8342	Permayne Housing, Permayne, New Bradwell	Non-extant Building	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 83024 41375	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK4301	New Bradwell limekiln	Post-medieval	This is the site of a 19th century limekiln.	Post-medieval	SP 83100 41250	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5879	Stony Stratford to Newport Pagnell Turnpike	Road/Trackway	The Stony Stratford to Newport Pagnell Turnpike was established in 1815.	Post-medieval	SP 83168 41608	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK4304	Bradwell Station	Railway	This is the site of Bradwell Station. The brick platform, on the north side of the former single-track railway, survives, but no buildings. The line itself is now a Railway Walk.	Post-medieval	SP 83260 41260	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK3697	"Helwall Mill"/ "New Mill"	Non-extant Building	The fishery of the Prior of Bradwell was located at "hellwall" or "the new mill", in the 15th century. There is mention of water gates, two wiers and a dam which may have been	Medieval	SP 83400 42700	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
			situated to the east of the village where was once a complex water leat system, but this area is now under water, having been quarried for gravel.			
MMK3698	"Helwall Mill"/ "New Mill"	Non-extant Building			SP 83400 42700	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2739	Stantonbury	Non-extant Building	The possible remains of watermill/s fronting the Ouse were found here. Two sections of limestone walling at right angles 1m below the original riverbank level were identified. Nearby is much limestone rubble.	Medieval	SP 83480 42700	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2740	Stantonbury	Non-extant Building	A mill in Stantonbury Parish is noted in Domesday worth 10s 8d and 50 eels. The mill was in decay by 1324, noted as a broken down watermill on the manor (of Stanton). Three water cornmills were located in the parish in 1695, and there were four in 1721.	Medieval to post-medieval	SP 83480 42700	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2741	Stantonbury	Non-extant Building	A mill in Stantonbury Parish was worth 10s 8d and 50 eels according to Domesday. A free	Medieval to post-medieval	SP 83480 42700	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
			fishery was attached to the manor from the 14th to 17th century.			
MMK1046	Stantonbury Parish	Other	Now part of Milton Keynes new city. The part outside the new city has been incorporated into Haversham-cum-Little Linford parish. The parish survey was undertaken by Milton Keynes Archaeology Unit.	Early medieval	SP 83500 42780	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5720	Stantonbury agricultural building	Non-extant Building	A long narrow stone building, orientated east to west, was located to the north-west of the church. It appears to have been a shelter shed.	Post-medieval	SP 83520 42791	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK751	Stantonbury Manor House Garden	Park/garden	An artificial mound is located to the east of the Church in a bounded garden and has six old hawthorns on it. The mound is enclosed in a north area excavated to a depth of 5ft and there is a bank with berm on the east side. An excavation in 1939 found there it to be artificial, containing roof tile and plaster debris from the manor house.	Post-medieval	SP 83520 42685	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK5409	New Bradwell Butts	Military	Butts, markers, screens and targets used by the 1st Buckinghamshire Volunteers. Markers were in the meadow leading south-west from the butts. Most of the site has been quarried.	Post-medieval	SP 83530 42440	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK748	Stanton Barry / Bury Manor	Non-extant Building	This is the presumed site of a manor house. In 1086, the Manor of Stanton was said to be worth 5-hide, and it was later mentioend as Stanton Barry/Stanton Bury owned by Miles Crispin. Ralph de Stanton mentioned in 1166-7, as did Simon Barry in 1201-12. It was later owned by Thirning, Vaux, Pope, Coke, Temple, Wittewronge, Marlborough and Spencer.	Medieval	SP 83540 42703	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK749	Stantonbury Manor House	Non-extant Building	Sir J Wittewronge built a large house here for his son in c.1693. The plan is still traceable north of the Church. In 1326, the manor included a capital messuage. Cutting in the bank on site found stone wall and 1930 excavations found the probable manor house cellars.	Medieval to post-medieval	SP 83540 42703	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK5726	Stantonbury Manor Site	Non-extant Building	A rectangular-shaped structure with internal partitions was shown adjoining the south-west corner of the churchyard at Stantonbury. It aligns with the terraces of the garden and the garden mount and was possibly part of the Manor House.	Undated	SP 83541 42708	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK750	Stantonbury Manor House Garden	Park/garden	In 1326, the manor included a garden. Earthworks of 17th century house and gardens are also still visible. Features noted and shown by the Ordnance Survey map are the remains of a landscaped garden to the south of the churchyard wall.	Medieval to post-medieval	SP 83544 42661	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK752	Stantonbury Manor Dovecote	Non-extant Building	In 1326 the manor included a dovecote.	Medieval	SP 83547 42618	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5727	Stantonbury Manor House Garden Wall	Building	A tall 18" thick brick wall forming the south side of churchyard. It faces on to the Manor House garden earthworks and is likely to be part of the garden/house complex. Bricks are early, possibly from the late 17th or 18th century.	Post-medieval	SP 83568 42721	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK5719	Stantonbury Manor Garden	Earthworks	A long earthwork mound was noted, orientated north to south forming the east boundary of the former manor house garden. Part of a brick facing wall was also revealed on the west face by erosion.	Post-medieval	SP 83587 42644	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5724	Stantonbury house site 4	Non-extant Building	A house platform was noted by Dennis Mynard. Uncertain whether it was destroyed by gravel working in 1971.	Medieval	SP 83590 42820	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5725	Stantonbury House site 6	Non-extant Building	A house platform was noted by Dennis Mynard. Uncertain whether it was destroyed by gravel working in 1971.	Medieval	SP 83590 42820	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK743	Stantonbury DMV	Deserted Medieval Village	In the early-16th century, Nicholas Vaux, lord of manor, converted much of Stantonbury from arable to pasture and deprived at least 40 people of work and home. Vaux sought a pardon for "decaying houses and conversion of arable to pasture". Only a large house outlying farms were present c.1693, but there were four houses in 1736.	Medieval to post-medieval	SP 83634 42782	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK742	Stantonbury DMV	Earthworks	A rescue excavation recorded an occupation layer on a thin layer of soil in the natural gravel. Over the occupation layer was a general destruction level of stones and potsherds.	Medieval	SP 83634 42780	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5722	Stantonbury house site 3	Non-extant Building	A house platform was noted by Dennis Mynard. It was destroyed by gravel working in 1971.	Medieval	SP 83640 42780	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5723	Stantonbury house site 5	Non-extant Building	A house platform was noted by Dennis Mynard. It was destroyed by gravel working in 1971.	Medieval	SP 83660 42820	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5721	Stantonbury house site 2	Non-extant Building	A house platform was noted by Dennis Mynard. It was destroyed by gravel working in 1971.	Medieval	SP 83672 42760	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK744	Stantonbury House site 1	Non-extant Building	The platform was planned during destruction. The site comprised a simple rectangular house 30x16ft which was divided internally by a thin partition wall into two rooms, 12x14ft and 12x11ft. The external wall was 2ft thick, whilst the internal wall was 1ft thick.	Medieval	SP 83700 42800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK829	Stantonbury , adjacent canal	Other	A grass mark mistakenly identified as possible ring ditch.	Undated	SP 83750 42050	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK828	Ring ditches or fungus ring	Cropmarks	One of two ring ditches visible on aerial phtoographs, although fungus rings are located in the vicinity.	Undated	SP 83920 42220	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK754	Stanton Low	Other	A tile floor was pointed out by farmer after digging a posthole. Circles are visible in these fields on aerial photographs and Roman buildings have been excavated to the north-east. The site has now been destroyed by quarrying but a tessellated/mosiac floor was indicated.	Roman	SP 83980 42780	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK3947	Stantonbury Park Farm	Earthworks	Several ditches with Roman pottery in the fill were identified here.	Roman	SP 84100 42000	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK3949	Stantonbury Park Farm	Road/Trackway	A 3m wide trackway ran north-west to south-east, on a slightly different alignment to the ridge & furrow. As excavated it was 0.20 m deep, consisting of pitched limestone blocks (0.15-0.20 m) packed with flint and sandstone	Undated	SP 84100 42000	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
			pebbles. It was sealed and damaged by ridge and furrow, although wheel ruts were visible. There were no ditches and no dating evidence.			
MMK755	Stanton Low Villa	Non-extant Building	A complex villa arrangement with substantial buildings from the 2nd to 4th century. The villa declined in the 4th century and has now largely been destroyed by quarrying.	Roman	SP 84127 42957	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK843	Stantonbury	Earthworks	A possible ring ditch with a central pit. It is not likely to be a barrow.	Neolithic to Bronze Age	SP 84480 42700	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK7396	Site of building	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 2" = 1 miles Ordnance Survey sheet of c.1815.	Post-medieval	SP 84504 42343	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK7395	Site of building	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 2" = 1 miles Ordnance Survey sheet of c.1815.	Post-medieval	SP 84525 42361	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK8223	Great Linford 3A, Butlers Grove	Other	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 84804 41919	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK4303	Newport Pagnell Branch Line	Railway	An Act of Parliament was obtained in 1863 for Newport Pagnell railway, a branch from Wolverton to Newport. It opened in 1867 and was used by employees of the Wolverton Railway Works.	Post-medieval	SP 84900 42430	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK4306	Newport Pagnell Branch Line	Railway	The line opened in 1867 and closed in 1964. In 1863, the Act passed to close Newport Pagnell canal and to build a railway on its course. The entire trackbed, except the final 150 m at Newport Pagnell, has been converted into a public footpath ("Railway Walk").	Post-medieval	SP 84900 42430	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1199	Great Linford	Cropmarks	A possible ring ditch was noted on aerial photographs.	Neolithic to Bronze Age	SP 84990 42430	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2581	St. Andrew's Parish Church	Non-extant Building	From December 1979 - June 1980, the church was extensively restored. A watching brief/limited excavation found evidence of earlier structural phases, medieval floors, reused timbers and gravestones, as well as a	Medieval	SP 85072 42324	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
			late-15th century King-post roof above the 18th century ceiling, with Charles II arms.			
MMK2582	St. Andrew's Parish Church	Funerary	External service trenches for restoration exposed many burials including a 12th to 13th century carved headstone. West of this, a priest's burial was found accompanied by a pewter chalice and paten no later than 14th century in date.	Medieval	SP 85072 42324	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2583	St. Andrew's Parish Church	Other	At the east end of the nave, a decorated Little Brickhill tile pavement partially exposed was noted (recorded by Robert Hunt Brass, 1473, bequeathing a new floor). It provided the earliest production date for Little Brickhill tileworks and is the second such pavement surviving in position.	Medieval	SP 85072 42324	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2472	Linford Manor, Great Linford	Non-extant Building	Excavations in the stable yard of the present mansion found a complex manor house site with three main phases. Phase 3 (dated from the 16th to 17th century) consisted of modifications to earlier building. The building was shown on maps from 1641 and 1678.	Post-medieval	SP 85080 42250	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK8222	Arts Workshops, Parklands, Great Linford	Building	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 85081 42271	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5783	Otter Hound Kennels	Non-extant Building	Kennels, presumably the otter hound kennels or Mt Uthwatt of Great Linford manor, who ran the Otter Hunt in the early 20th century. A photograph of ruins in 1980 survives. The ruins were swept away during early 1980's when Radcliffe Workshop for the new Arts Centre at the Manor was constructed around 1981.	Post-medieval	SP 85083 42274	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5207	Old Rectory. Great Linford	Non-extant Building	A stone built "oven", possibly contained within a small structure and perhaps associated with a substantial medieval building was identified by evaluation. It is identical to one in a bakehouse complex at Great. Linford, but with a long narrow flue. Perhaps a malting kiln.	Medieval	SP 85100 42140	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK2473	Linford Manor, Great Linford	Non-extant Building	Excavations of a complex manor house site showed that phase 1 (dated to the 13th century) was apparently a hall house with cross passage, service room and other associated structures. Phase 2 (pre-16th century) consisted of the addition of further rooms and a possible oven.	Medieval	SP 85102 42238	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5456	Cascade	Earthworks	An ornamental cascade issuing from the bottom pond towards the river.	Post-medieval	SP 85105 42484	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5455	Lower Pond	Earthworks	An ornamental pond shown on a map of 1840 which is part of the 18th century garden.	Post-medieval	SP 85112 42466	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2859	High Street, Great Linford	Other	A medieval yard surface was found beneath a brick floor when the eastern most almshouse was excavated in the 1970s.	Medieval	SP 85130 42300	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2766	Great Linford Manor	Non-extant Building	Dating of the dump of building material was based on heap of broken window glass on the surface of the buried soil. This was decorated medieval and plain post-medieval glass. It may have come from the demolition of the manor	Medieval to post-medieval	SP 85150 42260	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
			House (1649) but more likely from Great Linford.			
MMK5206	Old Rectory. Great Linford	Earthworks	Evaluation/earthwork survey prior to development of the site located a large linear pond 27 x 8m, east of the existing pond. It is perhaps a medieval fishpond. A large 17th to 18th century pit had been dug through its north end. Major landscaping in mid-18th century led to much redeposited building material.	Medieval to post-medieval	SP 85150 42140	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK8221	Great Linford 5, Hartley	Other	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 85178 41925	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1026	Great Linford Parish	Other	Now part of Milton Keynes new city. The parish survey was undertaken by Milton Keynes Archaeology Unit.	Early medieval	SP 85190 42251	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2006	Great Linford Manor	Other	Manor of 2 hides held by two men of Alric son of Goding T. R. E (worth 40 shillings), as listed in Domesday.	Early medieval	SP 85200 42210	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2024	Great Linford Manor	Other	Manor of 2 hides and 1. 5 virgates held by three thegns T. R. E (worth 40 shillings), as listed in Domesday.	Early medieval	SP 85200 42210	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK2042	Great Linford Manor	Other	Manor of 2 hides and 1. 5 virgates held by Alric son of Goding T. R. E (worth 4 pounds), as listed in Domesday.	Early medieval	SP 85200 42210	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2043	Great Linford Manor	Other	Manor of 1 virgate held by Grimbald, man of Bisi T. R. E (worth 2 shillings), as listed in Domesday.	Early medieval	SP 85200 42210	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5782	Linford Manor Doric Seat	Non-extant Building	A Doric Gazebo formerly set in the 'Wilderness'. It had a central gabled pediment and flanking side arches of timber construction. The side walls were of rendered brick and it had a rear wall of stone. It faced north across the river valley and presumably predates the construction of the canal c.1800 and the death of Mrs Uthwatt. Therefore, likely to be a late-18th century date.	Post-medieval	SP 85227 42412	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK4023	Great Linford Manor House car park	Other	A large midden over 600 mm deep built against a dry stone wall contained pottery and glass refuse from the late-17th to late-18th century. These finds were covered with a layer of builder's rubble and a thick layer of ash containing Victorian rubbish.	Post-medieval	SP 85230 42340	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK2474	Great Linford Park	Park/garden	There was a park at Great Linford in 1283 when Ralph Pipard complained of persons who broke into his park by night and carried away his deer. There are no subsequent references in later accounts of the manor.	Medieval	SP 85269 42353	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK7393	Site of building	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 2" = 1 miles Ordnance Survey sheet of c.1815.	Post-medieval	SP 85283 42732	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5454	Great Linford Manor Parkland	Park/garden	Parkland surrounding Great Linford Manor dates from the late-18th century and contains a wilderness, gazebo, ponds and cascade.	Post-medieval	SP 85286 42412	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK8227	Pritchard Court Sheltered Housing, High Street, Great Linford	Building	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 85286 41894	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK4034	Linford 17	Road/Trackway	A stone-founded trackway approximately 2.60 m wide and made of packed limestone was identified here. It has a slight camber and is the old trackway seen on earlier estate maps and plans.	Post-medieval	SP 85340 42230	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2777	Great Linford	Non-extant Building	A slight platform covered with rubble was found here. When removed by machinery, no walls were seen, though some of the stones had been laid on the edge as in a yard surface. There was also an associated scatter of medieval pottery, either side of the stone trackway.	Medieval	SP 85350 42230	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK8229	Great Linford 18, Campion	Other	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 85361 42559	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK8348	Solar Court, Solar Court, Great Linford	Other	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 85388 42037	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK8228	Memorial Hall, High Street, Great Linford	Building	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 85397 42296	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK8362	Cricket Green, and surrounding housing, Cottisford Close, Deerfern Close, Great	Other	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 85404 42163	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5452	Great Linford Wharf	Canal	The wharf was constructed around 1800 and in 1817 became the start of the Newport Pagnell Canal Arm. The wharf is now filled-in and but the wharf warehouse still stands and has been converted.	Post-medieval	SP 85444 42547	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK4269	Great Linford. Rear of Station Terrace	Non-extant Building	This is the site of Sheppards brickworks, near the railway terrace. The brickworks have now been destroyed.	Post-medieval	SP 85450 42700	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK4305	Great Linford Station	Railway	This is the site of Great Loinford Station. The brick platform, on the north side of the former single-track railway, survives, but no buildings. The line itself is now a Railway Walk.	Post-medieval	SP 85450 42670	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5453	Great Linford wharf warehouse	Building	A stone wharf warehouse which originally possessed an open central bay. A photograph from the 1930's of the east side of the building shows the building abutting the wharf basin with the large central section having a projecting timber cheeks and hood. A lean-to roof overhung the wharf basin.	Post-medieval	SP 85454 42532	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5458	Great Linford Station Masters House	Building	A two-storey brick and slated detached house situated to the south of the railway line and station. It is dominated by a very wide stack at the east end.	Post-medieval	SP 85473 42646	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK5444	Newport Pagnell Canal Lock 1 - site	Non-extant Building	This lock was constructed in 1817.	Post-medieval	SP 85491 42574	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5450	Newport Pagnell Canal lock Cottage	Building	A raised single-storey detached cottage built of brick with a slated roof on the north elevation but two-storey on the south elevation. There is a brick outbuilding adjacent.	Post-medieval	SP 85496 42561	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5448	Newport Pagnell Canal Bridge 2 - site	Non-extant Building	No details.	Post-medieval	SP 85509 42585	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK8225	No Name Provided	Other	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 85570 42645	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5451	Newport Pagnell Canal earthwork	Earthworks	A willow lined ditch running through parkland. Sit is the site of a former canal.	Post-medieval	SP 85575 42603	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK5447	Newport Pagnell Canal Lock 2 - site	Non-extant Building	No details.	Post-medieval	SP 85666 42609	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5449	Newport Pagnell Canal Bridge 3 - site	Non-extant Building	No details.	Post-medieval	SP 85681 42611	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2565	Great Linford village (E of)	Non-extant Building	Excavation of the windmill mound revealed the slots for the cross trees of a post mill. Documentary evidence gave it a date of c.1285 which made this the earliest windmill site excavated in the country.	Medieval	SP 85730 42220	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2566	Great Linford village (E of)	Non-extant Building	Trenches forming a cross-shape approximately 7m across were excavated on the mound in 1977. These were trenches for the base timbers of a postmill. They were cut into gravel subsoil which had been packed tightly back into the trenches after insertion of the beams. No dating evidence was present in	Medieval	SP 85730 42220	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
			this fill but the construction type suggests a medieval date.			
MMK2567	Great Linford village (E of)	Non-extant Building	The remains of base timbers were found in the foundation trenches of a postmill. Samples from the timbers produced a of AD 1220+/-80, the earliest for any postmill in Britain.	Medieval	SP 85730 42220	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1123	Great Linford	Earthworks	A modern feature which was misinterpreted as ring ditch, possibly a vehicle turning track.	Modern	SP 85760 42550	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1105	County Arms Public House - New Bradwell Hoard	Findspot	A hoard of 12 socketed axes, one palstave, two spearheads and one Ewart Park type sword was found in a deep cist filled with black earth, approximately 1ft 6in deep. It was found on the site of the County Arms Hotel in 1879.	Bronze Age	SP 82500 41370	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK4035	Windmill Hill Farm (E of)	Findspot	A deposit of 19th century ceramic and glass refuse was located 40 m west of the track.	Post-medieval	SP 83400 42230	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN16024 7	Unstratified Early	Findspot	2 early to middle Early Medieval pottery sherds were found	Early Medieval	SP 78970 41710	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
	Medieval Pottery					
MNN20135	Unstratified Romano-British Finds	Findspot	Uncertain sources.	Roman	SP 79470 42120	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN116390	Unstratified Bronze Age Find, south of Cosgrove	Findspot	Middle Bronze Age palstave found.	Bronze Age	SP 79650 41770	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN29079	Unstratified Late Iron Age Find	Findspot	Unidentified copper alloy artefact of Late Iron Age. The upper part of the object consists of a semi circular plate 34mm across with enamel decoration, this swells through a right angle chamfer to form a stub of truncated triangular form and profile decorated with incised lines. The decoration has three components, there is a small central circle still retaining some red enamel. The other two elements are formed by concentric arcs.	Iron Age	SP 79690 41970	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK3036	Wolverton, between deserted medieval village/River	Findspot	Sherds of 17th to 18th century brown and black glazed and slipware were found here. They were made at Potterspury or Yardley Gobion and found by H Oak-rhind in a field between the deserted medieval village and river.	Post-medieval	SP 80020 41650	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MNN28392	Unstratified Prehistoric Finds	Findspot	A bronze spearhead was found c.1967, close to the River Ouse in the east of the parish.	Prehistoric	SP 80100 42060	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2774	Metal detecting field NO 5	Findspot	A seal matrix with flanged handle pierced for suspension was recovered from this location. Underneath a canopy is the Virgin Mary wearing a crown, holding a sceptre in left hand resting on her right shoulder. In her right arm is Jesus, an aureole above his head.	Medieval	SP 80200 41530	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2775	Metal detecting field NO 5	Findspot	A coin was found during metal detector survey.	Medieval	SP 80200 41530	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK3037	Wolverton, Metal	Findspot	Objects including a bronze buckle with decorative projections and a convex circular object with decorative recesses filled with blue	Post-medieval	SP 80200 41500	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
	detecting field NO 5		glass or enamel were found by metal detector survey.			
MMK3038	Wolverton, Metal detecting field NO 5	Findspot	Objects found by metal detector survey in this area include a horseshoe fragment, a cast bronze vessel fragment, a jetton, a corroded bullet, an iron buckle, a flat headed copper alloy nail, and two miscellaneous copper alloy objects.	Post-medieval	SP 80200 41500	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2060	Holy Trinity Church	Findspot	There was reference to a Saxon consecration cross being found during restoration work in 1902.	Early medieval	SP 80300 41300	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2773	North of Motte in Bailey area	Findspot	A bronze rim of a bowl with a 280 mm diameter, was found by Mr John Adams with metal detector in the scheduled area to the north of Wolverton motte. It was polished on the inside and rough cast on the outside.	Medieval	SP 80320 41390	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK3060	Wolverton Castle	Findspot	The base of a brass chafing dish dated to the 16th century was found by P. Knott on the east side of castle earthworks, alongside a knife blade.	Medieval to post-medieval	SP 80370 41350	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK4217	Wolverton, OS Field 4280	Findspot	A lead musket ball; alloy button, four lead frags, an oval shaped bronze ring harness fitting, three copper alloy objects, eight pot sherds, and a copper alloy terminal end were found by A Stewart during metal detecting.	Post-medieval	SP 80400 41800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK4223	Wolverton, Metal detecting field 18	Findspot	A silver quill holder, cylindrical in shape with 'wl' scratched on the bottom and 'W' on the top of the lid, was found by metal detector. Inside are three quills.	Post-medieval	SP 80500 41720	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2985	Metal detecting field NO 18	Findspot	Two fragments of a lead pilgrim badge were found by metal detector.	Medieval	SP 80500 41670	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1938	Metal detecting field 18/OS Field 6961	Findspot	A sestertius of Hadrian was found by Alan Stewart during a metal detector survey over the south-west corner of a field where three shelly ware sherds were also found.	Roman	SP 80500 41600	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1939	Metal detecting field /OS Field 6961	Findspot	Three sherds of shelly ware pottery were found by Alan Stewart during a metal detector survey over the south-west corner of a field. A sestertius of Hadrian was also found.	Roman	SP 80500 41600	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK1942	Metal detecting field 18/OS Parcel 4280	Findspot	A number of bronze coins were found in this area, one corroded, one with a circular perforation sited on the outer edge, one slightly damaged and one in good condition. They may be from the rule of Constantine and were found alongisde a disc brooch.	Roman	SP 80500 41550	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1943	Metal detecting field 18/OS Parcel 4280	Findspot	A disc brooch was found alongisde four bronze coins. On the plate is a raised central boss with a recessed top containing yellow champleve. The enamelling from the underside project the remnants of a hinge attachment and catch plate.	Roman	SP 80500 41550	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2067	Wolverton, OS Parcel 4280 (MD field18)	Findspot	A silver sceat, dated 575-775, of the London series was found here. On the fron there are tow heads face-to-face with a cross between, and on the reverse is a floral design formed of four birds.	Early medieval	SP 80500 41550	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2068	Wolverton, OS Parcel 4280 (MD field 18)	Findspot	A strap end with zoomorphic decoration was found at this location. The split end is scalloped and it has two surviving rivets. The	Early medieval	SP 80500 41550	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
			sides are curved beaded, whilst in the centre there is a stylised deer.			
MMK2069	Wolverton, OS Parcel 4280 (MD field 18)	Findspot	A pinhead with the shaft broken was found here. It has an impressed ring and dot decoration, and a small cordon, junction head/shaft. The pin has a flattened biconical head with a double cordon beneath. The shaft is swollen near the point and it is slightly bent.	Early medieval	SP 80500 41550	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2070	Wolverton, OS Parcel 4280	Findspot	An iron knife with an angled back was found by metal detector survey.	Early medieval	SP 80500 41550	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2071	Wolverton, OS Parcel 4280 (MD field 18)	Findspot	A bronze strap end which is parallel sided and slightly waisted was found here. It is bifurcated at one end and the underside is flat. Remnants of iron are visible in the two rivet holes. The upper surface is decorated with transverse grooves.	Early medieval	SP 80500 41550	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2979	Metal detecting field 18/OS Parcel 4280	Findspot	A post-medieval assemblage was found by metal detector. Finds included a buckle with decorative loop, dated 1250-1350, with two projections on each side of loop distinctive; a	Post-medieval	SP 80500 41550	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
			strap end; a garter hook with floral decoration in very good condition; a buckle plate; a strap end with two rivet holes; a floral shaped decorative stud; a finial; and an annular fitting.			
MMK2980	Metal detecting field 18/OS Parcel 4280	Findspot	A lead disc with raised decoration and a small circular fragment of lead were found by metal detector.	Medieval	SP 80500 41550	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2981	Metal detecting field 18/OS Parcel 4280	Findspot	Four hammered coins, dated 1318-1430, were found by metal detector.	Medieval	SP 80500 41550	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2982	Metal detecting field 18/OS Parcel 4280	Findspot	An iron and scale tang knife handle, with wood still evident, was found by metal detector.	Medieval	SP 80500 41550	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2983	Metal detecting field 18/OS Parcel 4280	Findspot	A bronze barrel padlock lock pin was found by metal detector.	Medieval	SP 80500 41550	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK4218	Unallocated	Findspot	Objects including a copper alloy thimble of Dutch type, dated to 1620-1650, were found by metal detector survey.	Post-medieval	SP 80500 41550	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK4219	Wolverton, OS Parcel 4280 (MD field 18)	Findspot	A plain gold finger ring with a 'D' shaped section, hallmarked sg of a lions head, lion - followed by 'E' in a shield - from London 1740.	Post-medieval	SP 80500 41550	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK4220	Wolverton, OS Parcel 4280 (MD field 18)	Findspot	A corroded coin, a 1666 token with lettering "cwa", a bronze coin, a brass token 15mm in diameter and badly corroded, and a copper alloy token were found in this area.	Post-medieval	SP 80500 41550	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK4221	Wolverton, OS Field 4280	Findspot	A bronze crotal in beautiful condition, a lead fragment, a decorative leather mount in a flower shaped, and a square object with D-section were found by A Stewart during metal detector survey.	Post-medieval	SP 80500 41550	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2065	Unallocated	Findspot	Saxon finds from metal detecting have been reported in this area.	Early medieval	SP 80500 41500	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK2389	Old Wolverton	Findspot	A medieval buckle was recovered from the site of Wolverton deserted medieval village.	Medieval	SP 80650 41740	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1899	Manor Cottages	Findspot	A large amount of Roman pottery and a fragment of keyed flue tile was found in the spoil of a machine trench.	Roman	SP 80760 41480	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK7331	Unassigned	Findspot	A damaged copper alloy brooch. The bow is distorted but the catchplate is present as are the four turns of the spring. The pin has lost the point.	Iron Age	SP 80800 41400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5393	200 m. E of Manor Farm	Findspot	A Roman bow brooch, spring and pin missing, were found by metal detector. It has cells for enamel, but only traces of green survives in the central cell of the square panel. It is dated to the late-1st or 2nd century.	Roman	SP 80920 41756	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1366	McCorquodale's, Wolverton	Findspot	A coin of Constantine was found by Mr E Cockerill under McCorquodale's premises. It was interesting because of the proximity of skeletons taken up from time to time in factory extensions.	Roman	SP 81020 41020	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK1993	McCorquodale's, Wolverton	Findspot	Four male burials were uncovered 4 yards apart orientated east-west. There were no other finds.	Early medieval	SP 81020 41020	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1901	33 Jersey Road, Wolverton	Findspot	Eight coins, dated 307-361 AD were found in a back garden by Mr Bernard Monteith.	Roman	SP 81280 40920	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1346	Old Grammar School 'A' Pitch	Findspot	The fill of a sectioned ditch contained sherds of Iron Age 'b' date.	Iron Age	SP 81950 40840	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1347	Old Grammar School 'A' Pitch	Findspot	The fill of a sectioned ditch contained bones and sherds of Iron Age 'b' date.	Iron Age	SP 81950 40840	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1589	T A Drill Hall, Wolverton	Findspot	A greyish-white axehead was recovered by Jack Stephenson whilst walking over stripped area for the new V6 grid road immediately behind the drill hall, at approximately 18in depth. It is well-ground with traces of flakes, particularly towards the butt end and has very sharp edges.	Neolithic	SP 82130 41650	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK4251	Wolverton, OS Field 3563	Findspot	Objects found by metal detector survey includes: coins; a buckle plate; two bullets; a large lead disc; a penknife; a metal alloy strip; two lead objects; a wheel from a toy; a curved metal alloy sheet; a flat headed rivet; metal alloy button; a clear plastic sphere; and a flint fragment.	Post-medieval	SP 82200 41700	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK4252	Unallocated	Findspot	A George V halfpenny and Elizabeth II 2 shilling piece were found by metal detector.	Post-medieval	SP 82200 41700	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1579	Wolverton Station / Stonebridge farm	Findspot	Twenty-one coins were found by metal detector survey over a possible Roman settlement site. The coins found include: Denarius of Faustina II (AD 147-9); ae3 of Constans (AD 333-350); and a bronze coin with chirho symbol on one side.	Roman	SP 82200 41430	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1580	Wolverton Station / Stonebridge farm	Findspot	A bronze button-and-loop fastener was found. It has a flat cast head with decorative recesses, one of which contains enamel. The loop is tearshaped with a central perforation.	Roman	SP 82200 41430	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK1581	Wolverton Station / Stonebridge farm	Findspot	A bracelet fragment of ribbon-strip type and decorated with marginal incised grooves was found at this location, alongside a pin fragment, with a tapered circular section and decorated with four concentric grooves.	Roman	SP 82200 41430	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK4270	Nr. Stonebridge Farm	Findspot	Objects were found midway between Wolverton Station and Stonebridge Farm, on the west facing slope about 50 m west of the former line of Bradwell Brook.	Post-medieval	SP 82200 41430	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1781	Stonebridge House Farm	Findspot	A ring was seen on aerial photographs, between Stonebridge Farm and the railway station. It was adjacent and identical to MMK1782 which proved to be a fungus ring, therefore this site assumed also to be a fairy ring.	Undated	SP 82200 41330	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1782	Stonebridge House Farm	Findspot	A ring seen on aerial photographs, between Stonebridge Farm and the railway station. A trial section dug by Mrs J Paterson revealed that the cropmark was caused by a growth of fungus.	Undated	SP 82220 41380	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK4258	OS Field 3663, Wolve-ton StN	Findspot	Objects found by metal detector include: a clay pipe; bowl buttons; two sherds of pottery; two thimbles; the lower half of a crotal; a tack; a buckle; a terminal; a lead disc; a ring; a bronze sheet fragment; a decorative bronze fitting; and a decorative copper alloy fragment with a bird on a branch.	Post-medieval	SP 82300 41600	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1106	County Arms Public House- New Bradwell Hoard	Findspot	A hoard of 12 socketed axes, one palstave, two spearheads and one Ewart Park type sword was found in a deep cist filled with black earth, approximately 1ft 6in deep. It was found on the site of the County Arms Hotel in 1879.	Bronze Age	SP 82500 41370	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1107	County Arms Public House- New Bradwell Hoard	Findspot	A socketed axehead which was found complete. It is narrow sided, with a splayed cutting edge, single-loop and prominent stop-ridge, but no decorative features.	Bronze Age	SP 82500 41370	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK1108	County Arms Public House- New Bradwell Hoard	Findspot	Two spearheads (broken) from a hoard and two spear-tips, both from socketed spears. The lack of the lower parts precludes identification of the exact form.	Bronze Age	SP 82500 41370	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1109	County Arms Public House- New Bradwell Hoard	Findspot	One broken sword from a hoard. It was in four pieces, all worn, with dark green patina. It has V-shaped shoulders, but lacks most of the handle. It is probably of Ewart Park type.	Bronze Age	SP 82500 41370	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1110	Bradwell Palstave	Findspot	The lower portion of a palstave, said to be a part of the Bradwell Hoard but not mentioned in the descriptions.	Bronze Age	SP 82500 41370	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1214	Blue Bridge	Findspot	Six flints were found by A J Clarke in a field above a villa site. They were located towards the field boundary in square 13.	Bronze Age	SP 82500 40500	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1215	Blue Bridge	Findspot	One flint flake was recovered from the northern half of the field which lies to the north of villa field. It was from square 13.	Neolithic to Bronze Age	SP 82500 40500	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK4153	Bancroft Mausoleum	Findspot	Five alloy buttons, a dome shaped stud head, an alloy strap frag, an alloy wheel from a toy, a semi-circular lead object, and two alloy nodules were found by metal detector survey over an area just above the Bancroft Mausoleum.	Post-medieval	SP 82500 40400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2907	NW of Bancroft Villa	Findspot	All seven harness fittings recovered are circular perforated roundels in the form of a floriate cross with a central rosette. The backs are plain except for two splines attached to opposite sides and clenched to attach to a leather strap.	Medieval	SP 82550 40450	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1835	N of Bancroft Roman Villa	Findspot	A small iron javelin / spearhead was found by Jack Stephenson on a ploughed field.	Roman	SP 82570 40800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1837	Ploughed Field surface	Findspot	Fragments of a bronze buckle were found on a ploughed field surface by Jack Stephenson.	Roman	SP 82600 40700	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1838	Ploughed Field surface	Findspot	A small pierced lead weight, a sub-square section, was found on a ploughed field surface by Jack Stephenson.	Roman	SP 82600 40700	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK1839	Ploughed Field surface	Findspot	A bronze coin of Constantine II 330-335 AD was found on a ploughed field surface by Jack Stephenson.	Roman	SP 82600 40700	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1840	Ploughed Field surface	Findspot	A painted bronze object with a semicircular tubular ferrule was found on a ploughed field surface by Jack Stephenson.	Roman	SP 82600 40700	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1216	Blue Bridge	Findspot	A small core was found north of the Roman villa.	Bronze Age	SP 82620 40540	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK7784	Wolverton (Liine of H2 Road)	Findspot	Ditch 1 contained a large quantity of Belgic and mid to late-1st century pottery, whilst Ditch 2 contained several sherds of late Roman pottery.	Iron Age to Roman	SP 82630 40580	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1836	N of Bancroft Roman Villa	Findspot	A part of small decorated bronze fibula was found by Jack Stephenson on ploughed a field.	Roman	SP 82650 40830	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK4152	Bancroft Roman Villa	Findspot	A Hans Krauwinkel token in good condition with a damaged edge was found by metal detecting over the backfill of Bancroft Roman Villa.	Post-medieval	SP 82700 40400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK1819	Bancroft (South edge H2 Grid Road)	Findspot	Four badly corroded bronze coins were found in a deposit. Only one (of Valentinian i, AD 364-375) was identifiable, but all seem to be of a small low denomination 4th century type, easily lost and very common in rubbish deposits.	Roman	SP 82780 40580	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK7783	Bancroft (South edge H2 Grid Road)	Findspot	The sole of a leather shoe was found in a marsh deposit when a drainage ditch was cut. During excavations, a fragment of sole which fitted this was found.	Roman	SP 82780 40580	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1697	New Bradwell (Square 13)	Findspot	Samples of wood found at this location were radiocarbon dated.	Bronze Age	SP 82880 40920	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1698	New Bradwell (Square 13)	Findspot	Samples of wood found at this location were radiocarbon dated. They were found in the base of gravel below alluvial clay and the date obtained marks the alluvial deposition in the tributary of the Ouse.	Bronze Age	SP 82880 40920	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1699	New Bradwell (Square 13)	Findspot	Samples of wood found at this location were radiocarbon dated. They were found in the base of gravel below alluvial clay and the date	Bronze Age	SP 82880 40920	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
			obtained marks the alluvial deposition in the tributary of the Ouse.			
MMK3274	New Bradwell, H2 Road	Findspot	A 17th century trade token with "Francis. Penn. of" on one side and "Stoni Stratford" on the other was found on the line of H2 on Bancroft grid square, New Bradwell.	Post-medieval	SP 83000 40640	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1577	Intersection of H2/V2 RoadS	Findspot	A stater, variation of mack 184, which reads "tascio ricon" was found by metal detector survey over a road verge opposite the H2.	Iron Age	SP 83130 40750	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5501	50 Thompson Street	Findspot	A coin of Napoleon III, dated to 1855, was found in a garden in 1999.	Post-medieval	SP 83221 41385	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK3696	ARC Quarry, Haversham	Findspot	A spearhead, the tip and socket gone, was found here. The blade is parallel-sided, sharply keeled, 12mm thick, and tapers at a slight angle to the socket. There are traces of an iron band around the socket and textile traces on parts of the surface. It may be pattern welded and of a post-pagan date.	Early medieval	SP 83300 42600	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK4036	Windmill Hill Farm (E of)	Findspot	Eight 18th to 19th century bronze coins, a gold signet ring from Chester 1885, a bone button, and three stone marbles were found by metal detector.	Post-medieval	SP 83400 42230	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2211	Wolverton	Findspot	A medieval bronze strap end was found in former allotments.	Medieval	SP 83400 41500	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK3819	Stanton Low	Findspot	A woodman's axe of medieval type (which continued into the post-medieval period), was found by Mr A Smith near bailey bridge from the same site as a medieval sword handle and bronze ingot.	Medieval	SP 83467 42821	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK3820	Stanton Low	Findspot	A square tabular bronze ingot was found by Mr A Smith near bailey bridge from the same site as a medieval sword handle and woodman's axe.	Undated	SP 83470 42839	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK4777	Stanton Low	Findspot	A medieval seal of central fleur-de-lys type device was found here alongside a small seal with face head in profile and "Ytere Peli".	Medieval	SP 83470 42720	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK4778	Stanton Low	Findspot	A disc, possibly a brooch with catchplate was found here.	Medieval	SP 83470 42720	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5201	Unassigned	Findspot	A lead personal seal matrix dated to the 13th century was found here.	Medieval	SP 83470 42720	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK3818	Stanton Low	Findspot	A sword handle, of the London Museum catalogue type 8, with a wheel-pommel, and long, slightly curved quillons was found here. Type is long-lived, dating from the late-13th to early-15th century.	Medieval	SP 83486 42828	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2742	Stantonbury	Findspot	Pieces of lava quern (possibly niedermendig type) were found in rubble 70 m north of the possible watermill site. Pieces of lava quern were also built into the walls of the ruined Stantonbury Church.	Medieval	SP 83500 42700	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK753	Unassigned	Findspot	Roman pottery was reported to have been found in the small mound near St Peter's Church.	Roman	SP 83521 42685	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK741	St Peter's Parish Church	Findspot	A Roman tile fragment was recovered from the rubble core of the south wall of the chancel.	Roman	SP 83562 42738	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK739	St Peter's Parish Church	Findspot	A piece of carved stone bracket which is of a simple foliage, from the Church.	Medieval	SP 83562 42738	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2697	85 Kingsfold, Bradville	Findspot	A medieval casting counter for abacus reckoning which was made in Nuremberg, Germany, for the French market was found here and dated to the 15th century.	Medieval	SP 83650 41100	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK745	Unassigned	Findspot	The base of a conical jug, Brill/Boarstall type, dated to the late-13th to early-14th century was found here. The external side has copper-flecked glaze which was blistered. A greyware flagon, with damaged handle, was also found. It has a distorted bulbous body, short neck, simple everted rim, fine quartz-sand fabric, and large inclusions. It was found during gravel workings at the deserted medieval village.	Medieval	SP 83700 42800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK746	Unassigned	Findspot	Pottery was collected from house platforms at the deserted medieval village. Wall-sherds with patchy light-green glaze and finger rilling from site were found (compared with pottery from Wythemail , Northants). Sherds including Olney Hyde and Brill were also found.	Medieval	SP 83700 42800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK747	Unassigned	Findspot	A large iron barrel padlock for a heavy chain was found. It probably dates to the 15th century. The length of the barrel was 118mm and it had a 40 mm diameter.	Medieval	SP 83700 42800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK3948	Stantonbury Park Farm	Findspot	Nineteen Roman sherds plus Roman parchment wares and a type-37 samian bowl fragment were found here, as well as a 6th or 7th century organic tempered sherd.	Roman to early medieval	SP 84100 42000	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1696	Stantonbury ,adjacent A422	Findspot	One core and a retouched flake were found in a field adjacent to the A422, on the east side of the road.	Neolithic to Bronze Age	SP 84290 42010	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1826	43 Parklands, rear Garden	Findspot	A coin was found which was minted in London and dated to 308-313 AD. It was found by John Fabian during a house extension in dark	Roman	SP 84950 42100	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
			clayey soil at a depth of 50cm. A large Roman nail was found in association with the coin.			
MMK2213	Great Linford	Findspot	A floor tile fragment, of the Little Brickhill design was found during drainage trenching to the west of Great Linford Church.	Medieval	SP 85030 42270	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2084	St. Andrew's Parish Church	Findspot	Truncated Saxon soil, 0.40 m thick, found beneath medieval floor levels within Church. Found to contain quantities of abraded handmade Saxon sherds and bone. Service trenches in graveyard produced some Saxon sherds, suggesting early/mid Saxon settlement	Early medieval	SP 85060 42320	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2580	St. Andrew's Parish Church	Findspot	A rim sherd, developed in St Neotsware, was recovered from a builders' trial hole in the corner between the north aisle and chancel of church.	Medieval	SP 85080 42330	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2730	Adjacent To Almshouses	Findspot	A fragment of decorated glazed floor tile was recovered from the topsoil in a sewer trench within the manor grounds.	Medieval	SP 85150 42320	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK2765	Pipe trench east of Pavillions	Findspot	Builders' rubble was dumped here in the early 18th century during landscaping of the manor complex. Material was probably derived from the demolition of late medieval buildings and also from restoration of the Church in 1705.	Post-medieval	SP 85150 42260	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK5208	Old Rectory. Great Linford	Findspot	During evaluation, two medieval sherds (one sandy grey ware and one Olney Hyde 'b' type) and 103 post-medieval sherds, (including Staffordshire and stoneware) were found.	Medieval to post-medieval	SP 85150 42140	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK4024	Great Linford Manor House	Findspot	Over 100kg of pottery recovered from a dump, including: local slipped wares, local lead, tin and iron glazed wares, continental and English salt-glazed stonewares, creamwares and white salt-glazed stoneware, Staffordshire wares, and Chinese porcelain and transfer printed imitations.	Post-medieval	SP 85230 42340	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK4046	Manor House	Findspot	Three mid-late 19th century clay pipe bowls, two fluted and one plain with a floral design on the seams were found by B Giggins on the surface of Great Linford Manor House garden.	Post-medieval	SP 85260 42270	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK4037	Windmill Hill Farm (E of)	Findspot	Lead items including 14 musket balls, 22 washers; button, two perforated weights, as well as bronze items including a watchwinder, four buttons, a stud a decorative brooch a very small thimble, two shoe buckles, two rings, two sections of a small chain and the end of a ruler were found by metal detector survey over a 19th century rubbish dump, 40 m west of the track.	Post-medieval	SP 85340 42230	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK2778	Great Linford	Findspot	A scatter of medieval pottery was located on this site, either side of the stone trackway. It was associated with a possible yard surface.	Medieval	SP 85350 42230	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1886	Great Linford:Solar Court	Findspot	Four minims from the late 4th century were found in a cobbled yard associated with a medieval house platform, to the east of the village.	Roman	SP 85440 42060	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK3226	Pearsons Close	Findspot	One base sherd of 17th century Potterspury marbled slipware and the base of a 17th century Potterspury glazed chafing dish were found by M Fuller, 47 Hazelwood, Great	Post-medieval	SP 85440 42050	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
			Linford on an area excavated in 1975 at Pearsons Close.			
MMK2087	Open Field, now 12 Wood Lane	Findspot	A strap tag which is flat, undecorated and the back is slightly bowed. It is split at the butt end to accept a thin strap band. Two surviving copper alloy rivets clamp the split together. The butt end has a bifurcated outline and the other end has an animal snout, horizontal line and pair of 'eyebrows'.	Early medieval	SP 85460 42020	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1902	Great Linford	Findspot	An axehead was found at this location, its faces roughly flaked and only partially polished. All the edges are heavily abraded and the cutting edge is very blunt. It is made from poor quality grey flint and was found by Duncan Rose.	Neolithic	SP 85800 42500	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
MMK1949	New Playing Field	Findspot	A Roman bronze fibula was reported to have been found beneath a spread of limestone. It was found by Geoff Waugh during a metal detector survey over earthworks for new playing field.	Roman	SP 85800 42150	Within the Part 2 CWAH 10 Study Area
CWAH 11 Eaglestone						

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK8326	Eaglestone, Harrier Drive	Other	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 86601 37869	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK8352	The Broadwalk, Grafham Close, Giffard Park to Waterside	Other	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 86815 40060	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK7434	Site of building	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 2" = 1 miles Ordnance Survey sheet of c.1815.	Post-medieval	SP 87006 37547	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK8277	Triceratops, Waterside, Peartree Bridge	Other	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 87017 37528	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK2648	W edge of Green	Non-extant Building	A large well-defined platform on the west edge of the Green revealed a complex of buildings around a large cobbled area. There was	Medieval	SP 87090 37370	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
			evidence of a cobbled trackway from the village centre.			
MMK2650	W edge of Green	Non-extant Building	A complex of buildings represented by wall footings were identified around a large cobbled area, found by excavation of a large platform in 1973. The largest building was L-shaped and the footings were mostly limestone.	Medieval	SP 87090 37370	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK2430	Woughton-on-the-Green	Non-extant Building	A building was identified made of stone with a gravel/cobbled area to the south of an oval pit near the centre, which was full of grey ash. The site appears as a slight platform and is defined on the north-east side by a ditch. It was uncovered by topsoil stripping at Peartree Bridge, during development.	Medieval	SP 87100 37400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK2431	Woughton-on-the-Green	Non-extant Building	A stone building, approximately 550 mm wide and well built with facing stones was uncovered by topsoil stripping at Peartree Bridge, during development. It was mortar bonded and laid onto clay. It had no definable internal features but there were a patch of cobbles on the south side. A bronze strap end was found in the fill of a wall.	Medieval	SP 87100 37400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK2432	Woughton-on-the-Green	Non-extant Building	A brick building was uncovered by topsoil stripping at Peartree Bridge, during development. It was heavily robbed, leaving trenches full of broken tile/brick/mortar.	Medieval	SP 87100 37400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK2434	Woughton-on-the-Green	Non-extant Building	A cobbled yard surface was uncovered by topsoil stripping at Peartree Bridge, during development. It was located within the scheduled area.	Medieval	SP 87100 37400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK5357	Woughton-on-the-Green	Non-extant Building	A brick building, including a heavily robbed wall 0.5m wide was noted here. It was well built with limestone facing stones and mortar bonded.	Medieval	SP 87100 37400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK5358	Woughton-on-the-Green	Non-extant Building	A building, probably timber-framed with brick sills, was identified here. It was aligned north to south and was 20 m north of another building on the same croft. Only the south sill wall was extant. The floor is of mortar, possibly a bed for bricks. Finds from the floor are from the 19th century, consistent with a barn or workshop not a house. Roof tile, possible window lead and glass were also found.	Post-medieval	SP 87100 37400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK5359	Woughton-on-the-Green	Non-extant Building	A building which was stone built, rectangular, and measured 4.5m x 12m was identified here. It is 75m north of another building and one several wall course (300 mm) survives. It includes a brick dividing wall, brick base for hearth/chimney at the north end and a cobble path outside. Finds date to 18th and 19th centuries.	Post-medieval	SP 87100 37400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK5360	Woughton-on-the-Green	Non-extant Building	A building, probably a dwelling, was identified here. It is 'L'-shaped and thought to date between the 13th and 15th centuries. Only the floor surface and fragmentary dry stone wall survive. It was possibly timber framed with a thatched roof.	Medieval	SP 87100 37400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK8278	Peartree Bridge 1, Waterside	Non-extant Building	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 87105 37974	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK5751	Grand Union Canal Bridge 87	Bridge	A brick built accommodation with a single arch span.	Post-medieval	SP 87107 37825	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK7436	Site of building	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 2" = 1 miles Ordnance Survey sheet of c.1815.	Post-medieval	SP 87124 37389	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK7437	Site of building	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 2" = 1 miles Ordnance Survey sheet of c.1815.	Post-medieval	SP 87129 37352	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK7435	Site of building	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 2" = 1 miles Ordnance Survey sheet of c.1815.	Post-medieval	SP 87134 37537	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK7438	Site of building	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 2" = 1 miles Ordnance Survey sheet of c.1815.	Post-medieval	SP 87145 37305	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK8324	Netherfield, Farthing Grove	Other	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 87159 36537	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK8350	Peartree Wharf, Woodley Headland, Peartree Bridge	Canal	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 87177 37255	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK5826	North Barn, The Manor	Building	A stone built agricultural building that appears to be a barn but was formerly referred to as stables. It has a queen post roof structure. This now forms part of the Manor House building.	Post-medieval	SP 87237 37623	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK5827	The Barn, The Manor	Building	A long low agricultural building that would have formed the north side of the Manor House Yard. It has a brick plinth approximately 1m surmounted by timber-framed walls with weather boarding cladding. The framing has jowled-heads to the uprights and 'elbow-bracing' between uprights and wall-plates suggesting a late-18th or early-19th century construction date. Although the tie-beams of the trusses survive, the upper portions of the trusses have been rebuilt to a low pitch and corrugated-iron applied as a roof covering. The condition in June 2002 was poor with damage to the brickwalls and the wall plates rotting in places.	Post-medieval	SP 87252 37590	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK7430	Site of building	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 2" = 1 miles Ordnance Survey sheet of c.1815.	Post-medieval	SP 87325 37633	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK4053	Green Farm,	Earthworks	A small rectangular pit was found due to the presence of pottery. When excavated, it was found to be filled with pottery and rusted ironwork which seem to be mid-19th century in date. The pit was about 20 m away from the two buried barrels.	Post-medieval	SP 87400 37670	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK8370	Woughton-on-the-Green Housing, Baskerfield Drive, Goodman Gardens, Woug	Non-extant Building	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 87408 37815	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK5480	Woughton-on-the-	Other	The name 'Woughton' derived from 'Weohha, tun' meaning Weohha's village. The name was	Early medieval	SP 87435 37529	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
	Green village		first used in 1086. It later had 'on-the-Green' added because of the large village green.			
MMK7431	Site of building	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 2" = 1 miles Ordnance Survey sheet of c.1815.	Post-medieval	SP 87437 37681	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK7432	Site of building	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 2" = 1 miles Ordnance Survey sheet of c.1815.	Post-medieval	SP 87464 37709	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK5686	Woughton Vineyard	Other	A vineyard started in 1986 by Mr and Mrs Stanyer. The tenant retired in 2001.	Modern	SP 87482 37201	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK2428	Woughton-on-the-Green	Earthworks	A possible medieval yard surface was noted during a watching brief on holes being dug for fencing within the scheduled shrunken medieval village, adjacent to Lodge Cottage.	Medieval	SP 87500 37600	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK8361	Passmore, Passmore, Tinkers Bridge	Other	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 87524 36977	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK7433	Site of building	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 2" = 1 miles Ordnance Survey sheet of c.1815.	Post-medieval	SP 87538 37515	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK7443	Site of building	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 2" = 1 miles Ordnance Survey sheet of c.1815.	Post-medieval	SP 87542 37117	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK7442	Site of building	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 2" = 1 miles Ordnance Survey sheet of c.1815.	Post-medieval	SP 87563 37107	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK8181	Mahaddie House, 2 The Green, Woughton on the Green	Other	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 87599 37520	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK1057	Woughton-on-the-Green	Other	Now part of Milton Keynes new city. The parish survey was undertaken by Milton Keynes Archaeology Unit.	Early medieval	SP 87650 37558	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK7426	Site of building	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 2" = 1 miles Ordnance Survey sheet of c.1815.	Post-medieval	SP 87692 37724	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK2017	Ulchetone (Woughton) Manor	Other	Manor of 5. 5 hides held by Azor son of Toti, a thegn of King Edward, and another thegn, his man, held 1 hide T. R. E (worth 6 pounds), as listed in Domesday).	Early medieval	SP 87700 37600	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK2037	Ulchetone (Woughton) Manor	Other	Manor of 4 hides held by eight thegns T. R. E (worth 3 pounds), as listed in Domesday.	Early medieval	SP 87700 37600	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK4476	Levis Bar Newport Road	Building	A bar which was converted from stables. It is dated to the early 19th century.	Post-medieval	SP 87730 37620	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK7440	Site of building	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 2" = 1 miles Ordnance Survey sheet of c.1815.	Post-medieval	SP 87732 37314	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK4475	Woughton House Hotel	Building	A hotel which was formerly a small country house, dated to the early 19th century, but since altered.	Post-medieval	SP 87750 37660	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK8180	Woughton B, Lucas Place	Other	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 87768 37533	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK2433	Marina development	Other	Two stone pads were noted composed of limestone blocks 400x250 mm across by 150 mm deep, with 2.8m between centres.	Medieval	SP 87100 37400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK2528	Old Rectory Farm moat	Findspot	A storage jar lid was found in the moat.	Post-medieval	SP 87070 37570	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK3215	Woughton, in Moat	Findspot	One storage jar lid was found in the moat.	Post-medieval	SP 87090 37560	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK5361	unallocated	Findspot	A triangular bladed dagger was found in the yard south-east of the medieval building (MMK5360). The blade measured 200 mm and the handle 160 mm. It dates to the 14th or 15th century.	Medieval	SP 87100 37400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK5362	unallocated	Findspot	A 14th century pilgrim badge of lead tin alloy was found here. It shows a female with veil and wimple, holding a book and commemorates St. Anne, probably from Buxton, Derby.	Medieval	SP 87100 37400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK5363	unallocated	Findspot	A gold posey ring dated to the 17th century was found here. It is inscribed internally "the love is true that I. O. U." and the makers mark is SGH (?).	Post-medieval	SP 87100 37400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK5364	unallocated	Findspot	Hearth or oven tiles were mostly found at the east end of a post-medieval building and adjacent surfaces. A few were found at the north end of a medieval building. The fabric was similar to decorated Little Brickhill tiles.	Medieval	SP 87100 37400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK5365	unallocated	Findspot	Coins, counters and jettons covering the 14th to 16th centuries were found in this area.	Medieval	SP 87100 37400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK5366	unallocated	Findspot	Clay pipes dated from the 17th to 19th century were found in this area, many with makers marks.	Post-medieval	SP 87100 37400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK5367	unallocated	Findspot	Late 13th century-15th century pottery was found in this area; 45% of sherds of this fabric were cooking pot, 37% bowls, 18% jugs. The total number of sherds was 385.	Medieval	SP 87100 37400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK5368	unallocated	Findspot	A total of 214 sherds were found, dated to between the early-13th and 16th centuries. The sherds comprised jugs (42%), bowls (37%) and cooking pots (21%).	Medieval	SP 87100 37400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK5369	unallocated	Findspot	Thirty-two sherds from the mid-13th to 15th century were found, comprising 1 cooking pot and 31 jugs. Nineteen sherds from the 15th to 16th century were also found, mostly bowls, but some pots and jugs.	Medieval	SP 87100 37400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK5370	unallocated	Findspot	Medieval pottery wares found include coarse sandy, grey sandy, surrey, flint gritted, tudor green type, sandy red earthenware, and fine purple red earthenware.	Medieval	SP 87100 37400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK5371	unallocated	Findspot	Post-medieval pottery wares found include lead glazed earthenware, trailed slipware, marbled slipware, white-slipped ware, black glazed wares, green glazed whiteware, buff bodied slipware, buff bodied with mottled brown glaze, black iron glazed, and english brown salt glazed slip wares.	Post-medieval	SP 87100 37400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK5372	unallocated	Findspot	Post medieval pottery imports, a few sherds of each type, include: Raaren; Frechen, Westerwald and Seigberg stonewares; and Chinese porcelain.	Post-medieval	SP 87100 37400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK7828	unallocated	Findspot	Three buckles (including two doubles), a star spur rowel, several frags, one complete horseshoe, two knives (scale and whittle tanged), a key, and arrowhead socketed with barbs, and circular lead weight or spindle whorl were recovered from this area.	Medieval	SP 87100 37400	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK2649	W edge of Green	Findspot	A medieval sherd was found during road scrapings.	Medieval	SP 87100 37340	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK5889	Waterside, Peartree Bridge	Findspot	A gold stater on an uninscribed British QC type site found in the garden of no. 11 Waterside which is a modern development. This could be from soil brought into the site.	Iron Age	SP 87127 38002	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK2427	unallocated	Findspot	A medieval sherd was recovered from the listed NGR, whilst two medieval sherds and bone fragments were found nearby at	Medieval	SP 87340 37350	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
			SP8731 3740. They were found in trenches in the field behind cottages off the green.			
MMK3337	Behind Cottages off Green	Findspot	Post-medieval sherds, roof tile fragments and limestone were recovered from a trench in the field behind cottages, just outside of the scheduled area. Four other similar trenches were all backfilled.	Post-medieval	SP 87380 37440	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK4051	Green Farm,	Findspot	Part of a barrel was found and damaged by a service trench. The damaged parts were recovered from the machine spoil. The remains of the barrel <i>in situ</i> were removed by RJW. The base was approximately 1m below ground level and survived to a height of 600 m, the rest had rotted away.	Post-medieval	SP 87400 37670	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK4052	Green Farm,	Findspot	18th and 19th century sherds from one of the two barrels found in this area (not clear which barrel). Approximately 20 m away from the barrels, a patch of pottery was noted, which when excavated proved to be a pit filled with mid-19th century pottery refuse and rusted ironwork.	Post-medieval	SP 87400 37670	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK4054	Green Farm,	Findspot	Post-medieval finds from this area include: a clay pipe of Francis Street of Northampton (1824-50); a large copper alloy buckle with pin missing; one uniform button; one clay marble; two clay pipe stems including "f S" spur (Francis Street, Northampton 1824-50); one rim sherd of Staffordshire trailed slip plate; one handle of Wedgewood green ware; one "cartwheel" penny 1797; one Hibernia token (Hibernia Mine Company of Dublin, 1790-1796); one other token, unidentifiable; three tokens/unidentifiable coins; a fragment of an 18th century wine bottle; one bronze curtain ring; one copper alloy knurled ring (tap fitting?); one small pewter spoon bowl; one lead musket ball; one perforated lead washer/button; and miscellaneous copper alloy objects.	Post-medieval	SP 87400 37670	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK2429	unallocated	Findspot	Three abraded medieval sherds and one fragment of floor tile were found within the scheduled shrunken medieval village, in	Medieval	SP 87500 37600	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
			stripped areas west of the old thatch cottage and on the north side of Green Farm.			
MMK3006	S of Woughton deserted medieval village	Findspot	A bronze shield-shaped mount, with tapered stud projects from the underside, was found here. The decoration is in the form of recessed serrated patterns, almost forming a cross. It is a copper alloy buckle plate with four rivets in very good condition, although it has a chipped carved decoration visible around the outer edge.	Medieval	SP 87700 37550	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK3338	S of Woughton deserted medieval village	Findspot	A metal alloy teaspoon, a pewter teaspoon bowl, and a copper alloy decorative plaque were found to the south of the deserted medieval village.	Post-medieval	SP 87700 37550	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
MMK3339	S of Woughton deserted medieval village	Findspot	Four sherds of pottery were found in a field to the south of the deserted medieval village.	Post-medieval	SP 87700 37550	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK3007	S of Woughton deserted medieval village	Findspot	A cast bronze cauldron foot was found by metal detector.	Medieval	SP 87700 37500	Within the Part 2 CWAH 11 Study Area
CWAH 12 Fenny Stratford						
MBC10986	Grand Junction/Union Canal	Canal	Eighteenth to nineteenth century canal	Post-medieval	SP 92522 13855	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Indicative Work Area
MBC8010	Vliatores Route 166	Road/Trackway	Probable route of minor Roman road	Roman to Post-Medieval	SP 79692 32430	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MBC34425	Fornhill to Stony Stratford Turnpike	Road/Trackway	The Fornhill to Stony Stratford Turnpike was constructed after 1706.	Post-medieval	SP 85354 35905	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MBC5588	Watling Street (Road 1E)	Road/Trackway	Route of major Roman road known as Watling Street	Roman	SP 85354 35905	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK5878	Hockcliffe to Stony Stratford Turnpike / Holyhead Road	Road/Trackway	The Fornhill to Stony Stratford Turnpike dated to 1706.	Post-medieval	SP 85770 35663	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK7653	Site of building	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 2" = 1 miles Ordnance Survey sheet of c.1813.	Post-medieval	SP 87890 34320	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK6061	Tavistock Street Brush factory	Building	A three-storey brick building with a corrugated asbestos roof and 6x5 metal windows under canted arches on the west elevation. These windows are later alterations. Samuel Hackney opened this Tavistock Street brush factory in 1877. In 1883 it became Rootes Brush Factory .	Post-medieval	SP 87920 34246	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK8313	Holophane, Bond Avenue, Mount Farm	Other	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 87965 35236	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK5797	76 Watling St	Building	A two-storey detached brick house with a slated roof. It has a balanced façade with double-hung sash windows. The central door has a flat hood and above this is a blind window opening.	Post-medieval	SP 88059 34251	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK5798	64 Watling St	Building	A two-storey detached house with rendered walls and a slated roof. The frontage has a central door with a flat hood and console brackets. There are two-storey bow windows each side of the door.	Post-medieval	SP 88132 34206	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK6013	Spurgeon Memorial Baptist Chapel	Non-extant Building	A Baptist Chapel and burial ground was present on this site by 1805. Burials probably ceased in 1859 with the opening of Fenny Stratford cemetery. The Baptist Chapel was rebuilt in 1892 as the Spurgeon Memorial Baptist Chapel and extended over the former burial ground. In 1907 the chapel was extended by the addition of a school room. The Baptist chapel complex was demolished by 1980 and the site was redeveloped as a car showroom.	Post-medieval	SP 88176 33861	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK8323	Watling Street Corner Site, Bristow Close, Fenny Stratford	Other	New Town Heritage Register Nominated Asset	Undated	SP 88233 34174	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK5764	Fenny Stratford Parish	Other	No details.	Undated	SP 88239 34107	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK5484	Fenny Stratford	Other	Stratford' derives from 'Straet, ford' meaning 'paved road ford'.	Undated	SP 88239 34101	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK5795	1-19 Simpson Road	Building	A terrace of 10 houses constructed of brick and with a slated roof. There is a central carriage arch and they were built around 1850.	Post-medieval	SP 88243 34226	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK3087	Fenny Stratford	Earthworks	A ditch/pit containing post-medieval pottery was found during construction of a site on the corner of the A5 Road and Simpson Road at Fenny Stratford.	Post-medieval	SP 88244 34140	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK2576	St. Margaret's Chapel	Non-extant Building	A guild chapel (St Margaret) dissolved in 1553 (lists curates 1496-1544). The chantry chapel was endowed in November 1494. It was pulled down in 1550 and a later Church was demolished in the Civil War. An 18th century church is now located on the site.	Medieval	SP 88252 34066	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK2578	St. Martin's Church	Building	During reordering of the post-medieval church, floor levels were removed and replaced by a concrete floor. Little attention was paid to the main body of the church but within the south aisle, some features were examined and recorded (Browne Willis chapel, 1730). No evidence was found for the medieval St Margarets chapel, supposedly located on this site.	Post-medieval	SP 88252 34066	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK5794	14-18 Simpson Road	Building	A brick and slate two-storey terrace built around 1860 comprising three houses and a butchers shop. The houses have ground floor canted bays and the butchers shop had a projecting timber shop front with sliding doors. The front elevation is rendered.	Post-medieval	SP 88268 34220	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK4342	56 -62 Simpson Road	Non-extant Building	Built c.1840-50, this is a row of buff brick cottages. They have a low pitch gable end slate roof and flat eaves.	Post-medieval	SP 88278 34445	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK5796	66 Simpson Road	Non-extant Building	A two-storey brick building with the gable onto the street. The front elevation has two windows, a door on the ground floor and three windows on the first. All windows have double-hung sashes.	Post-medieval	SP 88279 34466	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK7924	20-26 Watling Street, Fenny Stratford	Non-extant Building	A watching brief took place of foundations of a small extension. A brick floor was located, as was post-medieval pottery.	Post-medieval	SP 88294 34118	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK2612	Fenny Stratford	Non-extant Building	The guild or fraternity of SS Margaret & Katheryn, founded by Roger Hebbes. It was dissolved in 1553. The brotherhood house is said to have been converted into the Bull Inn, but was referred to as two distinct messuages in 1609 and 1616.	Medieval to post-medieval	SP 88298 34050	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK2614	Chantry House, Fenny Stratford	Non-extant Building	A watching brief was carried out by RJW & B Giggins during the building's conversion to offices. The front was demolished, whilst the ceilings and most wall linings were removed, exposing the whole medieval building. Much had been altered in the 'Jacobethan' period when incorporated in the Bull Inn.	Medieval to post-medieval	SP 88298 34050	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK1754	Simpson Sewage Works	Cropmarks	Some Roman ditches and shallow gullies were found during trial trenching focussed on cropmarks. An extensive scatter of sherds and coins were also found in the vicinity.	Roman	SP 88330 34900	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK1755	Simpson Sewage Works	Cropmarks	Some Roman ditches and shallow gullies were found during trial trenching focussed on cropmarks. An extensive scatter of sherds and coins were also found in the vicinity.	Roman	SP 88350 34822	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK1756	Simpson Sewage Works	Cropmarks	Some Roman ditches and shallow gullies were found during trial trenching focussed on cropmarks. An extensive scatter of sherds and coins were also found in the vicinity.	Roman	SP 88350 34822	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK6074	10 Watling Street	Building	A large detached two-storey house with vermiculated quoins and keystones to the moulded window architraves constructed adjacent to the canal bridge.	Post-medieval	SP 88366 34068	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK7878	Fenny Stratford	Other	An oil engine which previously powered the Post Office repeater station at Fenny Stratford was located here. This machine is now in the Stacey Hill Collection, Stacey Farm, Wolverton.	Modern	SP 88370 34030	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK7879	Fenny Stratford	Other	This is a Rushton and Hornby Akroyd type oil engine, made by Newton Bros, Derby. It is size 11, class h, dated to 1924. Few engines of this type remain.	Modern	SP 88370 34030	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK3368	Fenny Stratford, canal	Canal	A 1971 map marks "wharf (disused)" at this location. The dock was on the east side of a turning-circle of the Grand Union Canal. A boatbuilders business on this site was offered for sale in 1807. It has now been reconstructed as a small marina for new houses.	Post-medieval	SP 88384 34000	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK6075	Clarke's Brickyard wharf, Fenny Stratford	Canal	An 1881 map shows a linear wharf in this location constructed at an acute angle from the canal in a north-east direction. A later building on the site is called Wharf House.	Post-medieval	SP 88386 34120	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK5585	Old Watling Street building	Non-extant Building	The foundations of a 19th or 20th century brick building and a well were identified here.	Post-medieval	SP 88391 34057	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK7917	Fenny Lock Tesco Site	Earthworks	Excavations revealed limited evidence for the Mesolithic, Neolithic and Bronze Age activity. There was evidence found of post-hole building foundations, ring gully enclosures and a pit alignment of the Late Bronze Age to Iron age periods.	Prehistoric	SP 88402 34499	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK4296	Clarks Brickyard , Fenny Stratford	Other	An 1881 map marks "limekilns" at this location. There are no extant remains, with a house built on the site.	Post-medieval	SP 88405 34135	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK4288	Ton Yard Wharf,	Non-extant Building	An 1881 map marks "brick field" and "kiln" at this location. G O Clarke was set up as a brick and tile maker at Ton Yard Wharf. The works	Post-medieval	SP 88420 33890	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
	Fenny Stratford		extended around 1869 but there are no remains today, with the site now part of a recreation park.			
MMK7652	Site of building	Non-extant Building	A building is shown on the 2" = 1 miles Ordnance Survey sheet of c.1813.	Post-medieval	SP 88440 33990	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK692	Magiovinium: Bathing Station	Funery	An inhumation cemetery of probable Romano-British date, related to the adjacent Roman small town of Magiovinium. It was subject to an unpublished amateur excavation in the early 1960s.	Roman	SP 88600 33750	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK7690	Fenny Stratford Bathing Place	Other	This was a fenced off area adjacent to the river where a changing hut is shown on the 1900 Ordnance Survey map but not on the 1880s Ordnance Survey map. It was possibly in use up until the 1940s.	Modern	SP 88702 33775	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK5910	The Bathing Station site	Funery	Police records of two burials, one said to be male, were found at this position in 2003. They were probably part of the 'The Bathing Station' cemetery.	Roman to early medieval	SP 88746 33756	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK1615	Fenny Stratford (E of)	Findspot	A section across a former river channel of the Ouzel revealed a number of finds (pottery and bone) in a silted up river bed. They may represent the eroded remains of a nearby occupation site.	Undated	SP 88750 34520	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK5204	Belvedere Nursery. Magiovinium	Earthworks	Geophysical survey of a field alongside Watling Street and adjoining Magiovinium was undertaken prior to the proposed nursery development. It located archaeological remains including rectilinear enclosures of Roman type, indicating industrial activity or occupation.	Roman	SP 88771 33908	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK5589	Belvedere Nursery	Earthworks	A rectilinear enclosure, probably Roman, was noted here.	Roman	SP 88773 33831	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK5590	Belvedere Nursery	Earthworks	A rectilinear enclosure, probably Roman, was noted here.	Roman	SP 88780 33877	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK5591	Belvedere Nursery	Earthworks	A rectilinear enclosure, probably Roman, was noted here.	Roman	SP 88784 33937	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK5975	Magiovinium Cremation Group 660	Funery	Three cremations, using cooking pots as urns, were found set into pits. One urn contained the cremations of an adult and juvenile. One urn had an ovoid beaker and a Samian cup of Flavian date. A third had a white ware flagon and a south Gaulish Drag 18 dish signed by the potter Masculus and dated to the early-2nd century.	Roman	SP 88907 33975	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK686	Magiovinium: Line of A5 D	Earthworks	An uncompleted excavation along and beside the line of the proposed A5 diversion established three main phases: 1st century timber-framed buildings which burnt down; two parallel ditches across the site which silted up in the early-3rd century; and a stone structure erected across earlier features.	Roman	SP 88950 33950	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK1644	Bletchley	Findspot	An atlas vertebrae of a cervus elephas was found in the Bletchely area by Mr Palmer.	Undated	SP 88000 34000	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK1645	Bletchley	Findspot	An elephas primegenius tusk was found in the Bletchely area.	Prehistoric	SP 88000 34000	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK1673	Fenny Stratford, canal side	Findspot	A flake, finely worked on one side, was found in dredged mud by William Souster.	Neolithic to Bronze Age	SP 88000 34000	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK1676	Fenny Stratford	Findspot	A lithic implement was found at Fenny Stratford by Jack Robinson.	Prehistoric	SP 88000 34000	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK1642	Simpson	Findspot	The bone of an elephas primigenius was found during sewer digging by Mr Mead, Canal Side Farm, Simpson Road, Milton Keynes.	Prehistoric	SP 88050 35050	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK1559	Surgery, Fenny Stratford	Findspot	Three sherds of Samian and one greyware base sherd were found which are probably dated to the 2nd century. They were found during housing development behind Dr Carter's surgery, Fenny Stratford.	Roman	SP 88180 34230	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK7656	Unknown	Findspot	A Gallo-Belgic 'A' type coin of a mid-2nd century date was noted in this area, with the precise findspot unknown.	Roman	SP 88240 34120	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK3088	Unassigned	Findspot	Post-medieval pottery and glass mineral water bottles were found in a post-medieval ditch/pit.	Post-medieval	SP 88244 34140	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK3089	Unassigned	Findspot	An iron shoemaking last and scraps of leather were found in a post-medieval ditch/pit.	Post-medieval	SP 88244 34140	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK3074	Simpson: near Sewage Works	Findspot	One fragment of a 17th century wine glass base was reported here.	Post-medieval	SP 88280 34840	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK1763	Simpson Sewage Works	Findspot	Neolithic / Bronze Age flints were found in fields around this location.	Neolithic to Bronze Age	SP 88300 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK1764	Simpson Sewage Works	Findspot	Flints from two fields around this location were recovered.	Neolithic to Bronze Age	SP 88300 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK1102	Canal Side, Fenny Stratford	Findspot	A hand axe of Ficron type. There was suggestion of a twisted profile and it has a thin cross-section at the tip, whilst being thicker at the butt which is well-worked. It is well-finished with shallow flanking. Ochreous patina. Unrolled.	Palaeolithic	SP 88300 34000	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK1103	Canal Side, Fenny Stratford	Findspot	A small pointed biface handaxe of rather irregular shape was found at this location.	Palaeolithic	SP 88300 34000	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK1104	Canal Side, Fenny Stratford	Findspot	A small ovate hand axe made on flake was found at this location.	Palaeolithic	SP 88300 34000	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK4271	Fenny Stratford	Findspot	An artefact assemblage was found by metal detector survey over the development at Fenny Stratford adjacent to the canal.	Roman	SP 88300 34000	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK4272	Fenny Stratford	Findspot	A clay pipe bowl was found by metal detector survey over the development at Fenny Stratford adjacent to the canal.	Post-medieval	SP 88300 34000	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK4273	Fenny Stratford	Findspot	The base of a colour coated vessel was found by metal detector survey over the development at Fenny Stratford adjacent to the canal.	Roman	SP 88300 34000	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK4274	Fenny Stratford	Findspot	Objects were found by metal detector survey over the development at Fenny Stratford adjacent to the canal. Finds include musket balls, rings and a buckle.	Undated	SP 88300 34000	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK3077	Unassigned	Findspot	Eleven fragments of roof tile were reported here.	Post-medieval	SP 88320 34870	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK3073	Simpson: near Sewage Works	Findspot	One fragment of neck of vessel, one marble, two fragments of stoneware, three fragments of lead glazed, two fragments of black glazed, and one fragment vessel glass were found in the ploughsoil.	Post-medieval	SP 88320 34810	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK2055	Simpson Road / Grand Union canal	Findspot	Pottery sherds from the field adjacent and immediately to the east of Simpson Road and the Grand Union canal.	Early medieval	SP 88350 34720	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK2668	Unassigned	Findspot	One medieval bronze buckle was found here.	Medieval	SP 88380 34820	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK2667	Unassigned	Findspot	Four fragments of Potterspury ware were found in a sewer trench. One medieval sherd was found close by at sp 8830 3467.	Medieval	SP 88390 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK1757	Metal detecting	Findspot	Copper coins were found by metal detector survey.	Roman	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
	field No. 106					
MMK1758	Metal detecting field No. 106	Findspot	Two lead pottery repairs were found during metal detector survey.	Roman	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK1759	Metal detecting field No. 106	Findspot	A biconical steelyard weight was found during metal detector survey.	Roman	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK1760	Metal detecting field No. 106	Findspot	One samian bowl sherd was found during metal detector survey.	Roman	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK1761	Metal detecting field No. 106	Findspot	A fibula bow, "aucissa" hod hill series, was found during metal detector survey.	Roman	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK1762	Metal detecting	Findspot	Six coins to be identified after cleaning were found during metal detector survey.	Roman	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
	field No. 106					
MMK2054	Simpson Sewage Works	Findspot	Saxon pottery and metal objects were found in an area of former sewage works.	Early medieval	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK2056	Simpson Sewage Works	Findspot	An equal arm brooch was found by metal detector survey. The pin is missing and there is the possible remains of blue enamel.	Early medieval	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK2057	Simpson Sewage Works	Findspot	A strap end of silvered bronze was located here. There is the representation of a human head at the apex and a single perforation for the rivet and field filled with intricate intertwined ornamentation.	Early medieval	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK2145	Simpson Sewage Works	Findspot	A silver penny of Edward, a silver groat of Elizabeth I, and a penny (metal not stated) of Charles I were recovered from this area.	Medieval to post-medieval	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK2146	Simpson Sewage Works	Findspot	Two bronze strap ends (plain), one annular lead spindle whorl, and one large circular lead seal 34mm in diameter with a pierced projection on one edge were found alongside three coins by metal detector survey.	Post-medieval	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK2147	Simpson Sewage Works	Findspot	Two hammered silver coins, both very worn, were found at this location.	Medieval	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK2148	Metal detecting field No. 106	Findspot	A lead wool bale seal was found during metal detector survey	Medieval	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK2149	Metal detecting field No. 106	Findspot	A pilgrim badge was found during metal detector survey.	Medieval	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK2150	Metal detecting field No. 106	Findspot	Four cast bronze vessel legs and a bronze handle/finial were found during metal detector survey.	Medieval	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK3297	OS Field 4600, Simpson	Findspot	A large curved iron plate 170x150 with the remains of a raised lion rampant on one face and form of attachment on the reverse was found here by metal detector, alongside the end of a bronze candle snuffer, two bronze and one iron buckles, and four lead fragments.	Post-medieval	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK3298	OS Field 4600, Simpson	Findspot	Seven 19th century pennies/halfpennies, and a small circular Elizabethan lead token with a raised crossed lines and single pellet in each quadrant were found by metal detector.	Post-medieval	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK3299	OS Field 4600, Simpson	Findspot	Five post-medieval sherds and two clay pipe bowls were found by metal detector.	Post-medieval	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK3300	OS Field 4600, Simpson	Findspot	A brass key escutcheon, a brass keyhole cover, five annular bronze rings, parts of two crotals, six lead musket balls, 18 pewter/copper alloy buttons, parts of two bronze buckles, part of a 19th century horse brass, a large lead weight, a pewter spoon handle, bronze/lead studs, and two miscellaneous bronze objects were found in this area.	Post-medieval	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK3301	OS Field 4600, Simpson	Findspot	Six 18th to 19th century copper halfpennies/pennies and a rose farthing were found by metal detector.	Post-medieval	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK3302	OS Field 4600, Simpson	Findspot	Part of a clay pipe bowl and a Staffordshire tankard basesherd were found by metal detector.	Post-medieval	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK3303	OS Field 4600, Simpson	Findspot	Three metal alloy buttons, a copper alloy ring, part of a copper alloy buckle, a metal alloy nodule, a thin lead disc with perforation at the very edge, and four copper alloy miscellaneous items were found by metal detector.	Post-medieval	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK3304	OS Field 4600, Simpson	Findspot	A George V halfpenny from 1906 was found alongside three badly corroded coins.	Post-medieval to modern	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK3305	Bletchley Sewage Works	Findspot	Finds from a metal detector survey include: buttons, a vessel foot, rivets, a harness pendant, a stud, musket balls, a buckle fragment, a badge, and a greyware sherd.	Post-medieval	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK3306	Bletchley Sewage Works	Findspot	A French 5-centime piece, of Emperor Napoleon dated to 1854 was found by metal detector, alongside jetons, 12 assorted coins, and a bronze coin weight.	Post-medieval	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK3307	Metal detecting field No. 106	Findspot	Finds from a metal detector survey include: a barrel padlock fragment, a pewter spoon fragment, buckle fragments, a book clasp, a copper alloy thimble fragment, a crotal fragment, 17 metal buttons, a decorated leather fitting with lugs, a hose hook, four lead bullets, a stud, copper alloy/pewter objects, two pottery sherds, and a plastic marble.	Post-medieval	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK3308	Metal detecting field No. 106	Findspot	Four coins, badly corroded were found by metal detector. The coins were identified as a Elizabeth II 2 pence coin, a George VI halfpenny, a George V halfpenny, and a George V penny.	Post-medieval	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK3309	Metal detecting field No. 106	Findspot	Finds from a metal detector survey include: metal buttons, a lead musket ball, a chape end fragment, a decorative leather fitting, an oil lamp fitting, a perforated disc, a ring, two badly corroded coins, a lead disc, 10 lead fragments, a stud, a nail, and additional copper alloy objects.	Post-medieval	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK3310	Metal detecting field No. 106	Findspot	A clay pipe bowl, inscribed 'hurs. . . ' over a shield containing a fleur de lys in top left corner, flanked by sprigs of foilage was found at this location. It possibly included the mark of John Hurst of Cowcross St, West Smithfield, London, c.1808-49.	Post-medieval	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK7782	Simpson Sewage Works	Findspot	A silver denarius of Severus Alexander (AD 228-31) was found here which was inscribed "fides militum".	Roman	SP 88400 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK1574	canal, Fenny Stratford	Findspot	Sixteen Roman coins, ranging in date from Antoninus Pius (AD 138-61) to Valentinian II (AD 364-78) were found by metal detector survey over the development at Fenny Stratford adjacent to the canal.	Roman	SP 88400 33950	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK1575	canal, Fenny Stratford	Findspot	Two bi-conical lead weights were found by metal detector survey over the development at Fenny Stratford, adjacent to the canal.	Roman	SP 88400 33950	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK1576	canal, Fenny Stratford	Findspot	Five bronze coins were found by metal detector survey over the development at Fenny Stratford, adjacent to the canal.	Roman	SP 88400 33950	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK1572	Bletchley	Findspot	Unidentified finds from Bletchley parish.	Roman	SP 88400 33750	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK1084	Canal Site, Fenny Stratford	Findspot	A lithic implement found in dredged mud by Frank Claridge.	Neolithic to Bronze Age	SP 88400 33700	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK1466	Unassigned	Findspot	Sherds including fine sandy mortaria were found by Paul Smith and Julie Bradley.	Roman	SP 88410 34700	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK2058	Ploughed Field	Findspot	One Saxon sherd was found at this location.	Early medieval	SP 88410 34700	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK2142	Simpson	Findspot	Pottery and metal detector finds have been reported from Simpson.	Medieval	SP 88410 34700	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK2143	Simpson Road, Bletchley	Findspot	Two 13th century sherds (one rim and one base) of sand tempered ware which was developed in St. Neotsware were found on the surface of a ploughed field near canal bridge.	Medieval	SP 88410 34700	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK3341	Unassigned	Findspot	Post-medieval sherds were found in this area.	Post-medieval	SP 88410 34700	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK3296	Unassigned	Findspot	An almost complete 18th century bronze button was recovered here.	Post-medieval	SP 88430 34820	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK1765	Simpson Sewage Works	Findspot	One flint core was found at this location, close to a flint flake.	Neolithic to Bronze Age	SP 88440 34840	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK3295	Simpson Road, Bletchley	Findspot	Post-medieval sherds were found by Mr Bruce-Mitford and Mrs J Barnbrook near the sewage works.	Post-medieval	SP 88440 34830	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK2144	Simpson, Bletchley	Findspot	Four medieval sherds were recovered from this area.	Medieval	SP 88470 34660	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK2669	Unassigned	Findspot	One late medieval rim, in hard brown buff sandy ware, and four fragments of tile were recovered from ploughsoil.	Medieval	SP 88490 34800	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK7171	Unallocated	Findspot	An abraded sherd of Roman samian pottery, probably a 2nd century Gaulish Dragendorff type 37 bowl.	Roman	SP 88500 34500	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area

Historic Environment Record (HER) Reference	Name	Record Type	Description	Period	NGR	Location
MMK1573	Bletchley	Findspot	A Bronze Colchester type III fibula, dated from AD 0-60 was found in the vicinity, although the exact findspot is unknown. It seems to have been somewhere along line the of the River Ouzel, to the north of Belvedere Farm.	Roman	SP 88500 34200	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK1655	Brickhill Road, Fenny Stratford	Findspot	A cordiform handaxe was found at this location. It is well-finished, with fine shallow flaking and a regular profile. It has a thin cross section and is made on dark grey flint. One side is unpatinated, the other grey patina. It is also lightly rolled.	Palaeolithic	SP 88500 34000	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area
MMK5259	150 m. SSE Fenny Lock sewage farm	Findspot	A Late Bronze age socketed axe fragment was found by Mr D F whilst metal detecting in the field south of the former Bletchley Sewerage Works. The fragment is the tip of the blade with traces of the socket.	Bronze Age	SP 88600 34550	Within the Part 2 CWAH 12 Study Area